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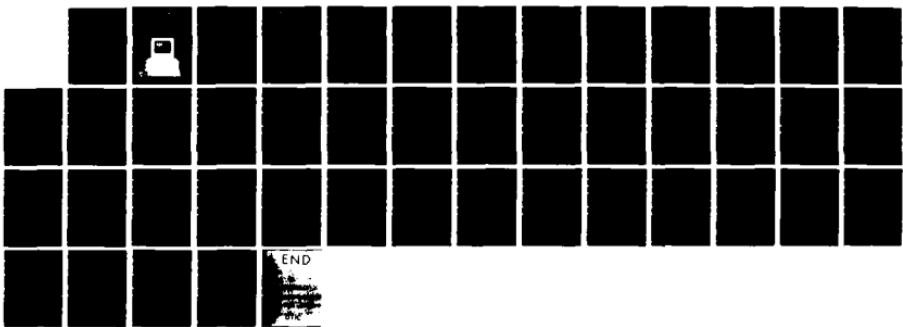
COMPUTER MODEL FOR ECONOMIC STUDY OF UNBLEACHED KRAFT  
PAPERBOARD PRODUCTION(U) FOREST PRODUCTS LAB MADISON WI  
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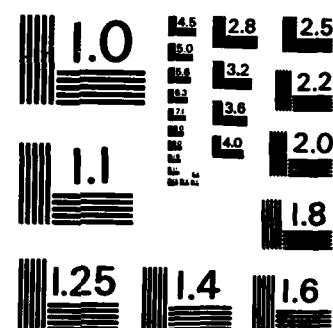
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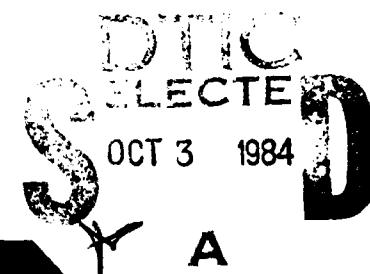
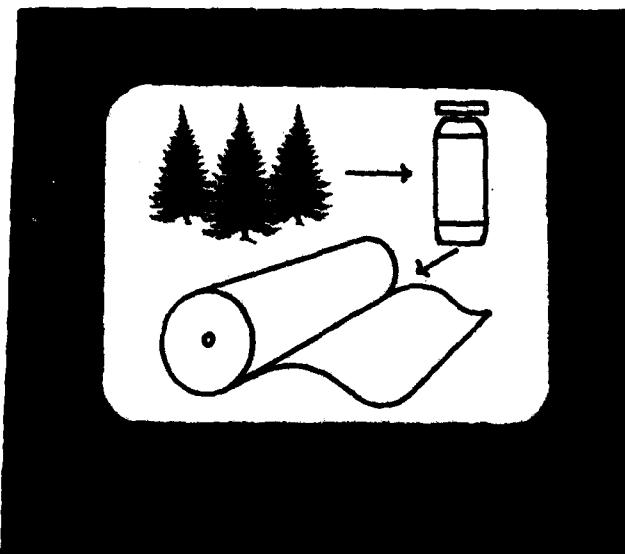
General  
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# Computer Model for Economic Study of Unbleached Kraft Paperboard Production

(12)

Peter J. Ince



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## Abstract

Unbleached kraft paperboard is produced from wood fiber in an industrial papermaking process. A highly specific and detailed model of the process is presented. The model is also presented as a working computer program. A user of the computer program will provide data on physical parameters of the process and on prices of material inputs and outputs. The program is then used to calculate material and energy requirements of the process, and to calculate related revenues and variable costs. The program does not derive capital costs or fixed costs. The program is most useful in estimating precisely the economic impact of changes in physical parameters of the process, changes in technology, or changes in related prices. As such, the model can be used to estimate the economic effect, on revenues and costs, of technological changes or changes in prices.

**Keywords:** Economics, technology, unbleached kraft, paperboard, process, computer model.

## Foreword

The computer model described in this report was developed entirely at the Forest Products Laboratory, on the University of Wisconsin's UNIVAC 1110 computing system. The program is written in standard ANSI FORTRAN language. A prospective user should at least have (1) some basic experience or familiarity with FORTRAN computer language and (2) a good working knowledge of parameters in the model, which are the major parameters in an unbleached kraft paperboard production process.

August 1984

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The Laboratory is maintained in cooperation with the University of Wisconsin.

## Acknowledgment

Cherilyn A. Hatfield, statistical assistant at the Forest Products Laboratory, transcribed the program, added many program statements necessary to run the program, and was largely responsible for debugging the program and checking for statistical accuracy.

# Computer Model for Economic Study of Unbleached Kraft Paperboard Production

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## Introduction

Unbleached kraft paperboard is produced from wood fiber in fairly complex industrial papermaking processes, typically in large paperboard mills. Such mills usually include a wood preparation area, a kraft digester, a chemical recovery process, a paper machine, steam and power system, and related facilities. Various publications and texts describe these processes.<sup>1</sup> Overall, in modern conventional mills there is a general similarity in process design and equipment configuration.

Because the production process is complex, any changes in supplies, equipment, or design may have far-reaching effects on material and energy requirements, and costs and revenues. We have designed a computer model to calculate those material and energy requirements of the unbleached kraft paperboard process and to estimate the associated revenues and variable costs. This paper describes that model.

<sup>1</sup>The Technical Association of the Pulp and Paper Industry (TAPPI) has recommended texts on these processes, of which two are:

Joint Textbook Committee of the Paper Industry. Pulp and Paper Manufacture Series, Vol. I, II, and III. 2d ed. (MacDonald, Ronald G., ed.; Franklin, John J., technical ed.) McGraw-Hill, New York; 1969. (Available from Tappi.)

Casey, James P., ed. Pulp and Paper, Vol. I, II, and III. Wiley Interscience, New York; 1968.

The computer model uses a set of data consisting of about 180 physical variables of the process and also prices of various inputs and outputs. (It does not include capital costs or fixed costs, such as administrative overhead or maintenance.) The data include major process variables as well as many minor variables. As a result, the user is able to develop an understanding of the sensitivity of results to specific changes in the process. For example, the model can be used to study the potential economic impact of a specific new technological development. First, given a set of data that represent a "conventional" process, the user can operate the model on those data to obtain "base case" results, the conventional process material and energy requirements, revenues and variable costs. The user can then adjust all data variables that are likely to change as a result of the new technological development. The user can then again operate the model using the adjusted variables as data to obtain new results, new material and energy requirements, and new revenue and variable cost estimates. Results can be compared to the base case results to provide an understanding of the physical and economic impact of the new technology. Such results are useful in planning research, setting research goals and priorities, and in evaluating the economic potential of results of technical research and developments in pulping and papermaking.

## Scope of Model

The computer model is a detailed representation of a modern unbleached kraft paperboard production process. A general diagram of the process is shown in figure 1. The model itself consists of nine separate elements or subroutines. The subroutines are as follows, in the order in which they are referenced by the main program:

STPREP, which models stock preparation, additives, paper machine, finishing, and shipping areas of the process;  
DIG, which models the digester, pulp washers, black liquor evaporators, and concentrators area of the process;  
WDPREP, which models the wood preparation, debarking, chipping, and chip-screening area of the process;  
RECBLR, which models the recovery boiler, lime kiln, and recausticizing area of the process;  
ELEC, which models electric power requirements of the overall process;  
STEAM, which models the steam system and electrical cogeneration;  
PWRBLR, which models the power boiler, coal handling, and desulfurizing area of the process;  
WATER, which models water supply and wastewater treatment; and  
SALES, which models sales revenues, material, energy, and labor costs associated with the process.

The nine subroutines are described separately in detail. Each subroutine requires a specific separate set of data input, which is provided along with sample values. A list of the mathematical calculations contained in each subroutine is also included. A flow diagram, showing the physical material and energy flows and process areas associated with each subroutine, is given whenever appropriate. Finally, a sample printout from the computer model, based on the sample input data, is provided as are user notes and guidelines for application of the model. A complete listing of the FORTRAN program is included in the Appendix.

## Model Subroutines

### Subroutine STPREP: Stock preparation, paper machine, finishing, and shipping area

This subroutine calculates the quantities of various inputs required in the stock preparation, paper machine, finishing, and shipping area of the overall process. It also reads prices of various inputs to that area. The data required for this subroutine include total finished paper or paperboard product output (in dry tons per day), rates of use of chemicals and sizing additives in stock preparation, moisture content of sheet into and out of the paper machine dryer, and so on. Altogether, 26 items of data are required. The specific parameters, each assigned a four-letter code name, are listed in alphabetical order:

ACID	-Quantity of concentrated sulfuric acid added to system in stock preparation (pounds/dry ton of paper or paperboard produced).
ALUM	-Quantity of alum added in stock preparation as dry alum solids in liquid slurry (pounds/dry ton of paper or paperboard produced).
DBKT	-Paper or paperboard recycled as dry "broke" and trim to stock preparation (ratio of total paper or paperboard production).
DFOM	-Quantity of defoamer additives in stock preparation and machine areas (pounds/dry ton of paper or paperboard produced).
DSMC	-Moisture content of sheet entering heated dryer section (ratio of total weight of sheet).
PACD	-Purchase price, f.o.b. mill, of sulfuric acid (\$/ton).
PALM	-Purchase price, f.o.b. mill, of alum (\$/ton).
PCOR	-Price of recycled old corrugated, used as raw material furnish in stock preparation (\$/dry ton).
PDFM	-Purchase price, f.o.b. mill, of defoamer (\$/ton).
PMND	-Minimum density of paper or paperboard product (dry pounds/1,000 feet <sup>2</sup> ).
PPAP	-Price of other recycled paper used as raw material in stock preparation (\$/dry ton).
PPDN	-Average density of paper or paperboard product (dry pounds/1,000 feet <sup>2</sup> ).
PPMC	-Average reel moisture content of paper or paperboard product (total weight basis).
PPRD	-Paper or paperboard production volume of the mill (dry tons/day).
PRSN	-Purchase price, f.o.b. mill, of rosin (\$/ton).
PSLM	-Purchase price, f.o.b. mill, of slimicide (\$/ton).
PSTC	-Purchase price, f.o.b. mill, of starch (\$/ton).
RCOR	-Recycled old corrugated raw material as a ratio of total weight of paper (board) product (decimal ratio of dry product weight). Recycled furnish enters in stockprep.
RCYD	-Yield or recovery weight for recycled old corrugated (ratio of raw material dry weight recovered in product).
RPAP	-Recycled paper raw material as a ratio of total weight of paper (board) product (decimal ratio of dry product weight).

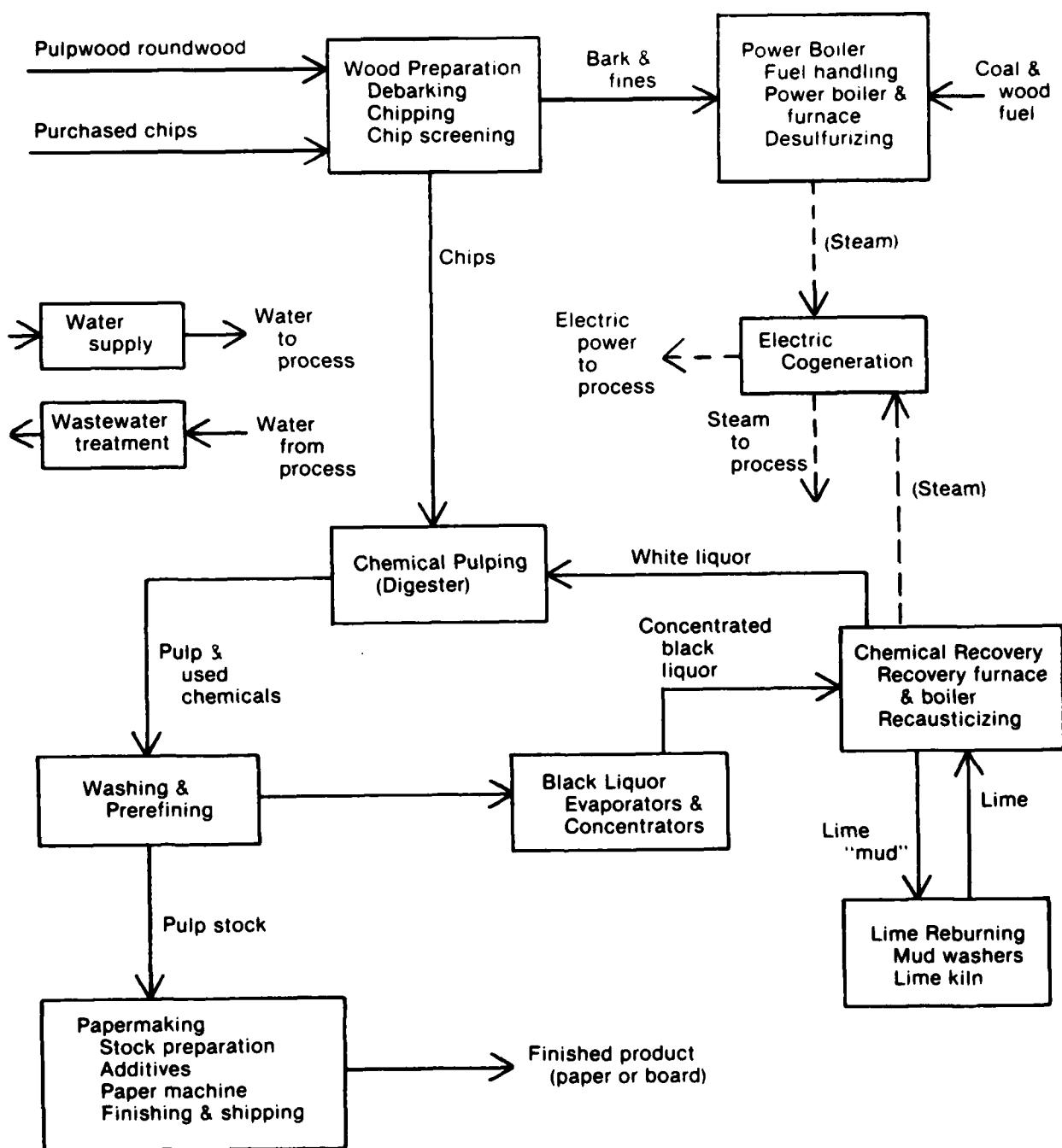


Figure 1.—Schematic of an unbleached kraft papermaking process.

RPYD	- Yield or recovery rate for recycled paper raw material (ratio of raw material dry weight recovered in product).
ROSN	- Quantity of rosin added in stock preparation as rosin solids (pounds/dry ton of paper or paperboard produced).
SLIM	- Quantity of slimicide additives (pounds/dry ton of product).
STRC	- Quantity of starch additives in stock preparation as dry solids (pounds/dry ton of paperboard product).
SVAL	- Average sales value, f.o.b. mill, of paper or paperboard product (\$/dry ton).
TRWD	- Trimmed reel width on sheet roll winder (inches).

**Calculations in Subroutine STPREP are:**

Calculate total dry weight of chemical and sizing additives, assuming all of alum, starch, and rosin additives are in final product, plus one-half of acid, defoamer, and slimicide additives, by weight (pounds/dry ton of product).

$$ADTV = ALUM + STRC + ROSN + 0.5 \times (ACID + DFOM + SLIM)$$

Calculate quantity of recycled old corrugated used (dry tons/day):

$$RCRT = RCOR \times ((PPRD - (PPRD \times ADTV/2000.0))/RCYD)$$

Calculate quantity of recycled paper used (dry tons/day):

$$RPPT = RPAP \times ((PPRD - (PPRD \times ADTV/2000.0))/R PYD)$$

Calculate wood pulp production quantity required (dry tons of pulp/day):

$$PROD = PPRD - (PPRD \times ADTV/2000.0) - (RCRT \times RCYD) - (RPPT \times R PYD)$$

Calculate total dry paper throughput of paper machine, including product plus dry broke and dry trims volume recycled (dry tons/day):

$$TDPT = PPRD + (PPRD \times DBKT)$$

Calculate average operational paper machine speed (lineal feet of finished paper sheet/min):

$$ASPD = ((PPRD/1440.0) \times (2000.0)/(PPDN/1000.0))/(TRWD/12.0)$$

Calculate maximum operational paper machine speed (lineal feet of finished product /min):

$$MSPD = ((PPRD/1440.0) \times (2000.0)/(PMND/1000.0))/(TRWD/12.0)$$

Calculate total water removal in heated dryer section of paper machine (tons/day):

$$TWRD = (TDPT/(1.0 - DSMC)) \cdot (TDPT/(1.0 - PPMC))$$

**Calculate each additive required (tons/day):**

$$TALM = PPRD \times ALUM/2000.0$$

$$TACD = PPRD \times ACID/2000.0$$

$$TSTC = PPRD \times STRC/2000.0$$

$$TDFM = PPRD \times DFOM/2000.0$$

$$TRSN = PPRD \times ROSN/2000.0$$

$$TSLM = PPRD \times SLIM/2000.0$$

A flow diagram (fig. 2) illustrates the process areas and parameters modeled in this subroutine. The data parameters are underlined and parameters calculated (see list of calculations) in this subroutine are shown in parentheses. Note that figure 2 includes parameters related to steam demands and electric power factors used in later subroutines.

**Subroutine DIG: Digester, pulp washers, black liquor evaporators, and concentrators area**

This subroutine calculates the quantities of inputs and outputs in the digester(s), pulp washers, black liquor evaporators, and concentrators area. Results are based in part on the quantity of wood pulp required in stock preparation, as derived by the previous subroutine. Fourteen additional items of data are required for this subroutine:

AACN	- Active alkali concentration in white liquor (pounds/cubic foot white liquor).
AALK	- Active alkali (in white liquor entering digester), sodium hydroxide and sodium sulfide in white liquor, in sodium oxide weight equivalent (decimal ratio of dry wood weight).
BSDS	- Black liquor solids in weak black liquor from digester and washers to evaporators (tons of dry solids/dry ton of pulp).
CCBL	- Solids content of concentrated black liquor, exiting concentrators to salt cake mix tank in recovery boiler area (liquor solids weight ratio of total liquor).
CEBL	- Solids content of evaporated black liquor, exiting evaporators and entering concentrators (liquor solids weight ratio of total liquor).
CNBL	- Solids content of weak black liquor exiting washers to evaporators (black liquor solids weight ratio of total black liquor weight).
PWMC	- Pulpwood moisture content entering chip feed (decimal ratio of wet weight).
PYLD	- Pulp yield, ovendry weight of pulp to dry weight of pulp chip raw material entering digester (decimal ratio).
SCLS	- Total salt cake (sodium sulfate) losses, or "make-up chemical" requirements (salt cake added in recovery) (pounds/dry ton of pulp).
SCPL	- Salt cake loss in pulp out of washers (ratio of total salt cake losses). (Remaining salt cake losses are assumed to occur in evaporators, recovery furnace, and recausticizing areas.)

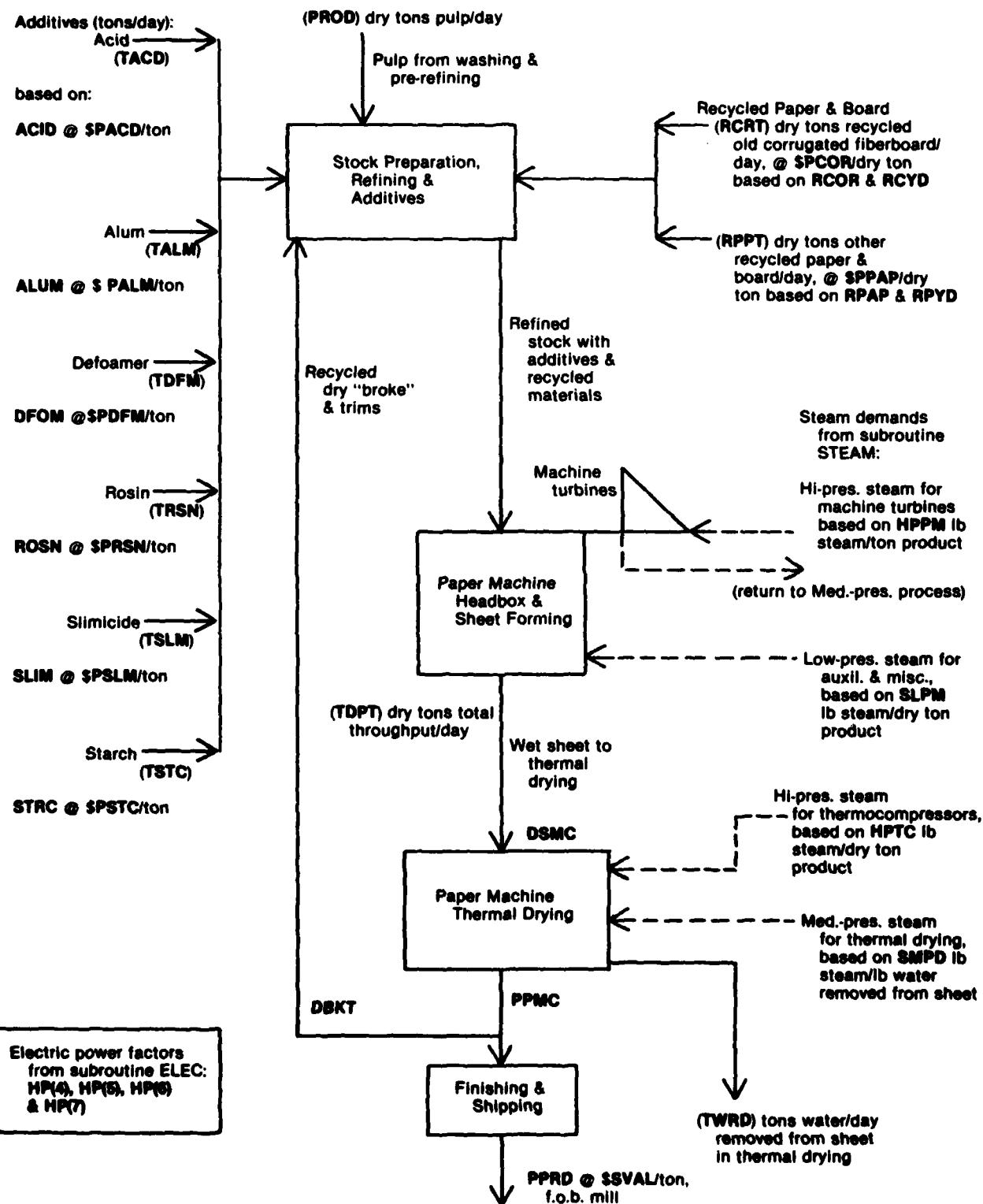


Figure 2.—Stock preparation, paper machine, finishing and shipping area: Subroutine STPREP.

**SOAP** - Quantity of saponified fatty acids (soap) recovered in soap skimmer in evaporator area (soap will go to external tall oil plant) (dry pounds/ton of wood chips into digester).  
**SOPP** - Sales value, f.o.b. mill, of soap skimmings (\$/ton).  
**TPSV** - Turpentine sales value, f.o.b. mill (\$/gallon).  
**TURP** - Turpentine recovery (gallons/ton of wood chips into digester).

Calculations for Subroutine DIG are:

Calculate quantity of pulpwood chips required as input to digester (dry tons/day):

$$\text{PPWD} = \text{PROD}/\text{PYLD}$$

Calculate turpentine recovery from wood chips:

(A) Calculate recovery (gallons/day):

$$\text{TRPD} = \text{TURP} \times \text{PPWD}$$

(B) Turpentine specific gravity:

$$\text{TSPG} = 0.6$$

(C) Turpentine recovery (tons/day):

$$\text{TRTD} = \text{TRPD} \times (0.13368) \times (62.4) \times \text{TSPG}/2000.0$$

Calculate black liquor solids to evaporators in weak black liquor (tons/day).

$$\text{TBLS} = \text{PROD} \times \text{BSDS}$$

Calculate water to evaporators in weak black liquor (tons/day):

$$\text{WBLW} = (\text{TBLS}/\text{CNBL}) \cdot \text{TBLS}$$

Calculate soap recovery and black liquor solids remaining after soap recovery (tons/day):

$$\text{SOPR} = \text{SOAP} \times \text{PPWD}/2000.0$$

$$\text{TBLS} = \text{TBLS} - \text{SOPR}$$

Calculate active alkali required in sodium oxide weight equivalent (in white liquor to digester) (tons/day):

$$\text{TDAA} = \text{AALK} \times \text{PPWD}$$

Calculate wet weight of pulpwood chips into digester (tons/day):

$$\text{PWIN} = \text{PPWD}/(1.0 - \text{PWMC})$$

Calculate water in evaporated liquor to black liquor concentrators (tons/day):

$$\text{EBLW} = (\text{TBLS}/\text{CEBL}) \cdot \text{TBLS}$$

Calculate water removal in evaporators (tons/day):

$$\text{WREV} = \text{WBLW} - \text{EBLW}$$

Calculate water in concentrated black liquor to recovery area (tons/day):

$$\text{CBLW} = (\text{TBLS}/\text{CCBL}) \cdot \text{TBLS}$$

Calculate water removal in black liquor concentrators (tons/day):

$$\text{WRCN} = \text{EBLW} - \text{CBLW}$$

Calculate white liquor volume to digester (thousand gallons/day):

$$\text{TWLV} = ((\text{TDAA} \times 2000.0)/\text{AACN})/133.88056$$

A flow diagram (fig. 3) shows the process area and parameters modeled in this subroutine. Parameters calculated in this subroutine are in parentheses. Note also that figure 3 includes parameters related to steam demands and electric power factors used in later subroutines.

### **Subroutine WDPREP: Wood preparation area**

This subroutine calculates the quantities of various kinds of pulpwood required as input to the wood preparation area. Six kinds of pulpwood are included in the model: hardwood species-roundwood, purchased whole-tree chips and purchased "clean" chips; and softwood species-roundwood, purchased whole-tree chips and purchased "clean" chips. This subroutine also calculates the quantities of wood "residues," bark and fines, generated in the wood preparation area. A total of 27 items of data is required by this subroutine:

- HBPC** - Weight ratio removed as bark in debarking hardwood roundwood pulpwood (ratio of total dry weight of purchased roundwood including bark).
- HCHM** - Moisture content of hardwood purchased "clean" chip pulpwood (decimal ratio of wet weight, average).
- HTCF** - Fines removed in screening hardwood purchased "clean" chips (ratio of total dry weight of chips).
- HWCD** - Total weight per cord of hardwood roundwood pulpwood, wet weight basis (pounds/cord including bark, as purchased).
- HWFR** - Fines removed in screening hardwood roundwood chips (ratio of total dry weight of hardwood roundwood chips before screening).
- HWMC** - Average moisture content in hardwood roundwood pulpwood (ratio of total wet weight of pulpwood as purchased, including bark).
- HWPC** - Hardwood purchased chip furnish (whole-tree and "clean") as a ratio of total hardwood into digester (fraction of total dry weight of hardwood purchased chip and roundwood furnish).

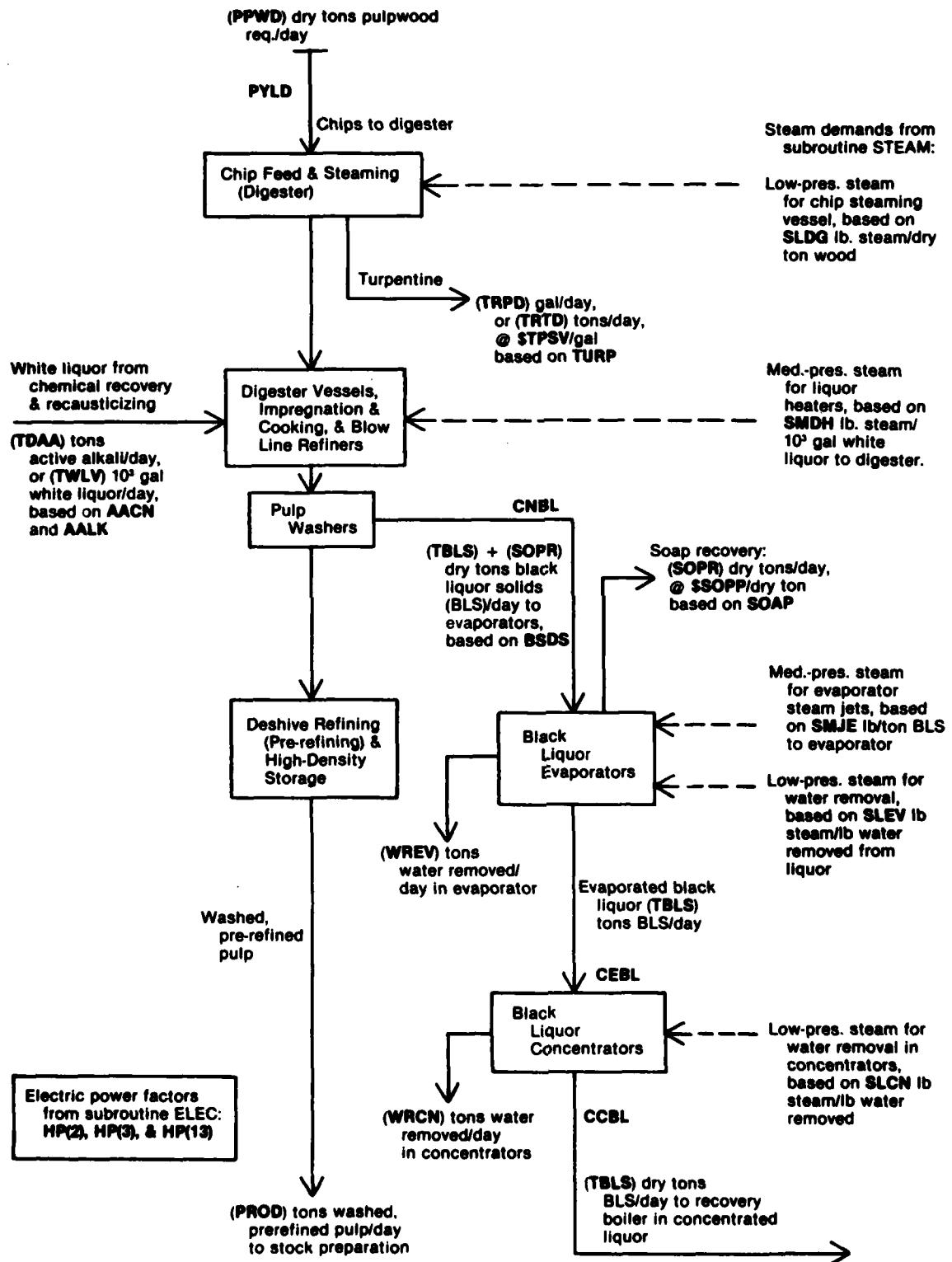


Figure 3.—Digester, pulp washing, pre-refining and evaporator area: Subroutine DIG.

<b>HWTC</b>	- Hardwood whole-tree chips as a ratio of total hardwood purchased chips (ratio of total dry weight of hardwood purchased chips).
<b>HWTF</b>	- Bark and fines removed in screening hardwood whole-tree chips (decimal ratio of total dry weight of hardwood whole-tree chips).
<b>HWTM</b>	- Moisture content of hardwood purchased whole-tree chips (decimal ratio of wet weight, average).
<b>PHPC</b>	- Price or value of hardwood purchased "clean" chips (\$/ton as purchased, average).
<b>PHRW</b>	- Purchase price, f.o.b. mill, of hardwood roundwood (\$/cord, average).
<b>PHWC</b>	- Purchase price, f.o.b. mill, of hardwood whole-tree chips (\$/ton as purchased, average).
<b>PSPC</b>	- Price or value of softwood purchased "clean" chips (\$/ton as purchased, average).
<b>PSHW</b>	- Purchase price, f.o.b. mill, of softwood roundwood (\$/cord, average).
<b>PSWC</b>	- Purchase price, f.o.b. mill, of softwood whole-tree chips (\$/ton as purchased, average).
<b>SBPC</b>	- Weight ratio removed as bark in debarking softwood roundwood pulpwood (ratio of total dry weight of purchased roundwood, including bark).
<b>SCHM</b>	- Moisture content of softwood purchased "clean" chip pulpwood (decimal ratio of wet weight, average).
<b>SFWD</b>	- Softwood ratio of total pulpwood furnish into digester (decimal ratio of total dry weight of furnish).
<b>STCF</b>	- Fines removed in screening softwood purchased "clean" chips (ratio of total dry weight of softwood purchased "clean" chips).
<b>SWCD</b>	- Total weight per cord of softwood roundwood pulpwood, wet weight basis (pounds/cord including bark, as purchased).
<b>SWFR</b>	- Fines removed in screening softwood roundwood chips (ratio of total dry weight of softwood roundwood chips before screening).
<b>SWMC</b>	- Average moisture content in softwood roundwood pulpwood (ratio of total wet weight of pulpwood as purchased, including bark).
<b>SWPC</b>	- Softwood purchased chip furnish (whole-tree and "clean") as a ratio of total softwood into digester (fraction of total dry weight of softwood purchased chip and roundwood furnish).
<b>SWTC</b>	- Softwood whole-tree chips as a ratio of total softwood purchased chips (ratio of total dry weight of softwood purchased chips).
<b>SWTF</b>	- Bark and fines removed in screening softwood whole-tree chips (decimal ratio of total dry weight of softwood whole-tree chips).
<b>SWTM</b>	- Moisture content of softwood purchased whole-tree chips (decimal ratio of wet weight, average).

**Calculations for Subroutine WDPREP are:**

**Calculate quantity of softwood chips into digester (dry tons/day):**

$$SPWD = PPWD \times SFWD$$

**Calculate quantity of hardwood chips into digester (dry tons/day):**

$$HPWD = PPWD \times (1.0 - SFWD)$$

**Calculate quantity of softwood roundwood chips into digester (dry tons/day):**

$$SRPW = SPWD \times (1.0 - SWPC)$$

**Calculate quantity of hardwood roundwood chips into digester (dry tons/day):**

$$HRPW = HPWD \times (1.0 - HWPC)$$

**Calculate quantity of softwood fines removed in screening softwood roundwood pulpwood chips (fines go to power boiler) (dry tons/day):**

$$SRFR = (SRPW/(1.0 - SWFR)) \times SWFR$$

**Calculate quantity of hardwood fines removed in screening hardwood roundwood pulpwood chips (fines go to power boiler) (dry tons/day):**

$$HRFR = (HRPW/(1.0 - HWFR)) \times HWFR$$

**Calculate quantity of softwood bark removed from softwood roundwood (to power boiler) (dry tons/day):**

$$SBRK = ((SRPW + SRFR)/(1.0 - SBPC)) \times SBPC$$

**Calculate quantity of hardwood bark removed from hardwood roundwood (to power boiler) (dry tons/day):**

$$HBRK = ((HRPW + HRFR)/(1.0 - HBPC)) \times HBPC$$

**Calculate required quantity of softwood roundwood pulpwood (cords/day):**

$$CDSW = ((SRPW + SRFR + SBRK)/(1.0 - SWMC))/(SWCD/2000.0)$$

**Calculate required quantity of hardwood roundwood pulpwood (cords/day):**

$$CDHW = ((HRPW + HRFR + HBRK)/(1.0 - HWMC))/(HWCD/2000.0)$$

**Calculate quantity of screened softwood purchased chips into digester (dry tons/day):**

$$SPCH = SPWD \times SWPC$$

**Calculate quantity of screened hardwood purchased chips into digester (dry tons/day):**

$$HPCH = HPWD \times HWPC$$

Calculate quantity of softwood fines, including fines from whole-tree chips and "clean" chips screening (fines to power boiler) (dry tons/day):

$$SWCF = ((SPCH \times SWTC)/(1.0 - SWTF)) \times SWTF$$

$$SPCF = ((SPCH \times (1.0 - SWTC))/(1.0 - STCF)) \times STCF$$

Calculate quantity of hardwood fines, including fines from whole-tree chip and "clean" chip screening (fines to power boiler) (dry tons/day):

$$HWCF = ((HPCH \times HWTC)/(1.0 - HWTF)) \times HWTF$$

$$HPCF = ((HPCH \times (1.0 - HWTC))/(1.0 - HTCF)) \times HTCF$$

Calculate quantity of "clean" softwood chips including fines (dry tons/day):

$$SPCC = (SPCH \times (1.0 - SWTC)) + SPCF$$

Calculate quantity of softwood whole-tree chips including fines (dry tons/day):

$$SPWC = (SPCH \times SWTC) + SWCF$$

Calculate quantity of "clean" hardwood chips including fines (dry tons/day):

$$HPCC = (HPCH \times (1.0 - HWTC)) + HPCF$$

Calculate quantity of hardwood whole-tree chips including fines (dry tons/day):

$$HPWC = (HPCH \times HWTC) + HWCF$$

Calculate quantity of "clean" softwood chips as received (tons/day) (wet weight basis):

$$SCCW = SPCC/(1.0 - SCHM)$$

Calculate quantity of softwood whole-tree chips as received (tons/day) (wet weight basis):

$$SWCW = SPWC/(1.0 - SWTM)$$

Calculate quantity of "clean" hardwood chips as received (tons/day) (wet weight basis):

$$HCCW = HPCC/(1.0 - HCHM)$$

Calculate quantity of hardwood whole-tree chips as received (tons/day) (wet weight basis):

$$HWCW = HPWC/(1.0 - HWTM)$$

A flow diagram (fig. 4) illustrates the process area modeled in this subroutine. Parameters calculated in this subroutine are shown in parentheses. Note also that the results obtained in this subroutine will be based in part on the quantity of pulpwood required in the digester, as calculated in subroutine DIG.

## Subroutine RECBLR: Recovery boiler, lime kiln, and recausticizing area

This subroutine calculates the quantity of steam heat energy generated in the recovery boiler, with concentrated black liquor as fuel, and calculates the quantities of various other inputs required in the chemical recovery, recausticizing, and lime system area. A total of 16 items of data is required for this subroutine:

- |      |  |
|------|--|
| ACTV | -Activity of white liquor (ratio of active alkali to total alkali, in sodium oxide weight equivalents).  |
| AVLM | -Lime availability (active calcium oxide weight ratio of total lime to slaker) (Remainder is assumed to be inert material in causticizing reaction.)   |
| CAUS | -Causticizing efficiency of causticizing reaction (measured as the weight ratio of sodium hydroxide to sodium hydroxide plus sodium carbonate in white liquor, expressed in sodium oxide weight equivalents, and in which the sodium hydroxide content of green liquor has been subtracted from the white liquor content (standard TAPPI definition)).   |
| CNMD | -Consistency of the filtered lime mud entering the lime kiln (dry weight of lime mud solids ratio of total weight of filtered lime mud).   |
| EKF  | -Average combustion heating efficiency of kiln fuel (ratio of higher heating value of fuel which is not lost in combustion gases and excess air exiting the kiln).   |
| FLMR | -Weight fraction of total lime mud recycled to the mud washer, representing uncalcined material captured in the lime kiln flue gas scrubber and emissions separator.   |
| HHKF | -Average higher heating value of kiln fuel (million Btu/fuel unit).  |
| HRRB | -Effective heat recovery ratio of recovery boiler (decimal ratio of gross heat energy value of black liquor solids recovered as steam heat energy (adjusted for total heat inputs to furnace and heat of reaction correction, as well as for combustion heat losses). (Not to be confused with combustion heat recovery efficiency of recovery boiler.)) |
| HVBL | -Gross heat energy value (higher heating value) of black liquor solids (Btu/dry pound).  |
| PLMU | -Purchased lime make-up (average weight ratio of total lime to slaker which is purchased or "make-up" lime).   |
| PPKF | -Average purchase price of kiln fuel (\$/fuel unit).   |
| PPLM | -Purchase price, f.o.b. mill, of purchased lime (\$/ton).  |
| SVSC | -Sales value, f.o.b. mill, of surplus salt cake generated in chemical recovery and desulfurization areas (\$/dry ton of surplus saltcake).   |

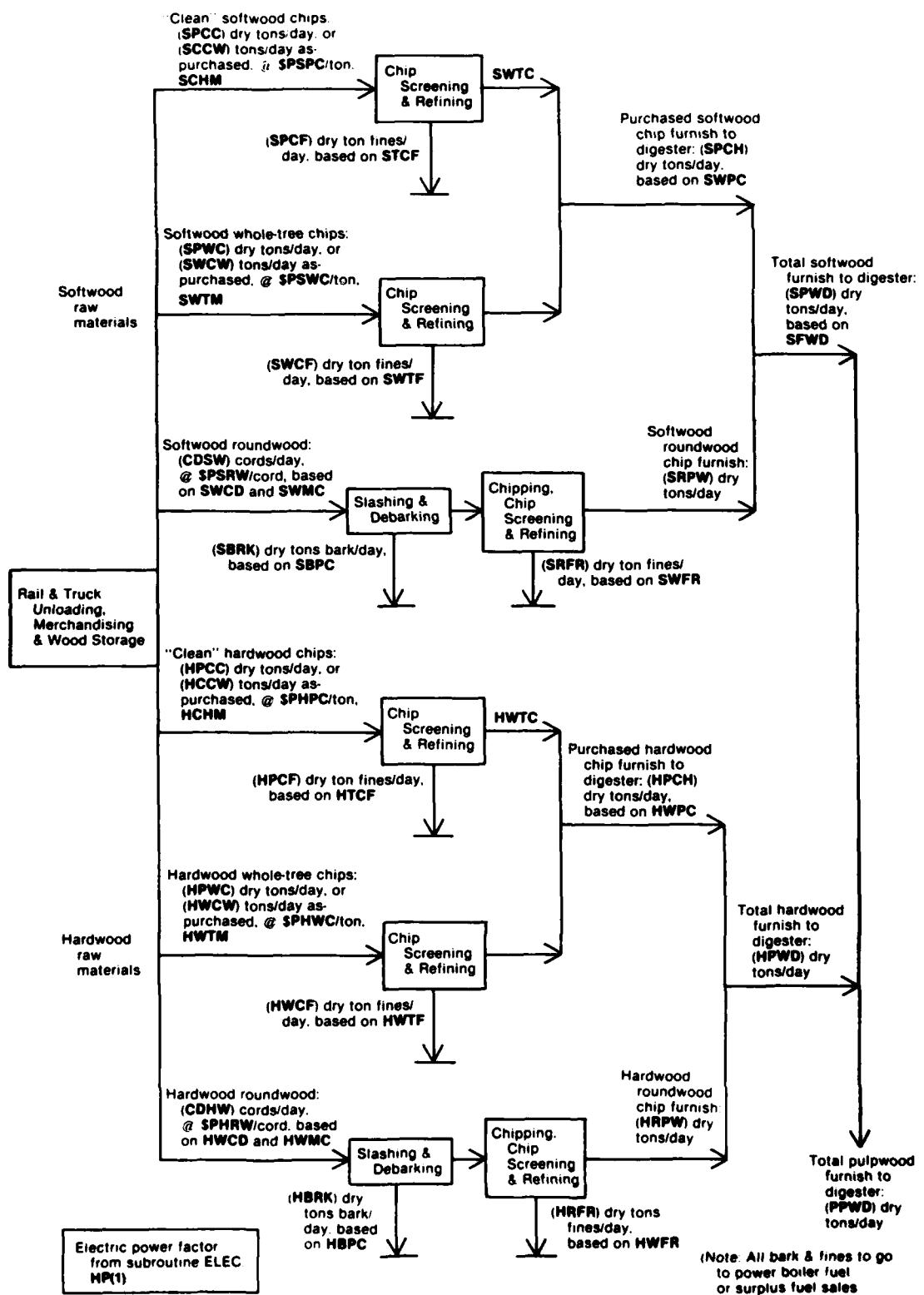


Figure 4.—Wood preparation area: Subroutine WDPREP.

**SSWL** - Sodium sulfate ratio of total alkali in white liquor (one-half weight ratio in sodium oxide equivalents).  
**TKEG** - Temperature of kiln exit gases (°F, average).  
**TKPD** - Average temperature of kiln product solids exiting kiln (°F).

Calculations for Subroutine RECBLR are:

Calculate heat energy to steam in recovery boiler (million Btu/day):

$$\text{HSRB} = \text{TBLS} \times (0.002) \times \text{HVBL} \times \text{HRRB}$$

Calculate weight equivalent of total alkali (total sodium compounds) in white liquor, in sodium oxide weight equivalent (tons/day):

$$\text{TALK} = \text{TDAA}/\text{ACTV}$$

Calculate weight equivalent of sodium sulfate in white liquor, in sodium oxide weight equivalent (tons/day):

$$\text{SDSL} = \text{TALK} \times \text{SSWL}$$

Calculate weight equivalent of sodium carbonate in white liquor, in sodium oxide weight equivalent (tons/day):

$$\text{SDCA} = \text{TALK} \cdot (\text{TDAA} + \text{SDSL})$$

Calculate weight equivalent of sodium hydroxide produced in causticizing reaction, in sodium oxide weight equivalent, corrected for sodium hydroxide present in green liquor, based on TAPPI definition of causticizing efficiency (tons/day):

$$\text{SODH} = (\text{CAUS} \times \text{SDCA})/(1.0 - \text{CAUS})$$

Calculate actual weight of calcium oxide needed in causticizing reaction (tons/day):

$$\text{CAOX} = \text{SODH} \times (56.0/62.0)$$

Calculate quantity of purchased lime required (tons/day):

$$\text{PLRQ} = (\text{CAOX} \times \text{PLMU})/\text{AVLM}$$

Calculate total weight of lime produced in lime kiln to slaker (tons/day):

$$\text{TWLP} = (\text{CAOX}/\text{AVLM}) - \text{PLRQ}$$

Calculate weight of inert material in lime from lime kiln to slaker (tons/day):

$$\text{WINR} = \text{TWLP} \times (1.0 - \text{AVLM})$$

Calculate theoretical dry weight of lime mud to lime kiln (tons/day):

$$\text{WTLM} = ((\text{TWLP} - \text{WINR}) \times (100.0/56.0)) + \text{WINR}$$

Calculate actual dry weight of lime mud to lime kiln after correcting for particulate emissions and recycled fraction (to mud washer) (tons/day):

$$\text{WTLR} = \text{WTLM}/(1.0 - \text{FLMR})$$

Calculate weight of water entering lime kiln with filtered lime mud (tons/day):

$$\text{WIMK} = (\text{WTLM}/\text{CNMD}) \times (1.0 - \text{CNMD})$$

Calculate heat energy requirements for lime kiln (million Btu/day) (assuming ambient temperature of 70 °F):

(A) Energy required to evaporate water in lime mud entering kiln:

$$\text{WTEN} = \text{WIMK} \times (0.002) \times (970.0 + (212.0 - 70.0) + (0.46 \times (\text{TKEG} - 212.0)))$$

(B) Energy into kiln product, assuming a specific heat of 0.25 Btu/pound of kiln product/°F above ambient temperature:

$$\text{PLEN} = \text{TWLP} \times (0.002) \times (\text{TKPD} - 70.0) \times 0.25$$

(C) Energy required for dissociation of calcium carbonate in lime kiln, assuming a heat of dissociation of 1,390 Btu/pound of active calcium oxide in lime kiln product:

$$\text{HDEN} = (\text{TWLP} \times \text{AVLM}) \times (0.002) \times (1390.0)$$

(D) Energy into carbon dioxide produced in dissociation reaction, assuming a specific heat of 0.25 Btu/pound of carbon dioxide gas/°F above ambient temperature:

$$\text{CDEN} = (\text{TWLP} \times \text{AVLM}) \times (44.0/56.0) \times (0.002) \times (0.25) \times (\text{TKEG} - 70.0)$$

(E) Calculate energy into recycled lime mud (e.g. flue gas dust) captured in scrubber and separators, assuming a specific heat of 0.25 Btu/pound of "dust"/°F above ambient:

$$\text{EMEN} = (\text{WTLM} \times \text{FLMR}) \times (0.002) \times (\text{TKEG} - 70.0) \times 0.25$$

(F) Calculate total heat energy requirements including a 15.0% factor for thermal radiation heat losses:

$$\text{THEN} = (\text{WTEN} + \text{PLEN} + \text{HDEN} + \text{CDEN} + \text{EMEN}) \times 1.15$$

Calculate gross energy input requirements in kiln fuel (million Btu/day):

$$\text{GHEN} = \text{THEN}/\text{EFKF}$$

Calculate kiln fuel required (units/day):

$$\text{TKFR} = \text{GHEN}/\text{HHKF}$$

A flow diagram (fig. 5) shows the process area modeled in this subroutine. Parameters calculated in this subroutine are in parentheses. Note that figure 5 includes parameters related to steam demands and electric power factors used in later subroutines. Note also that the results of this subroutine depend on the quantity of black liquor solids, as calculated in subroutine DIG.

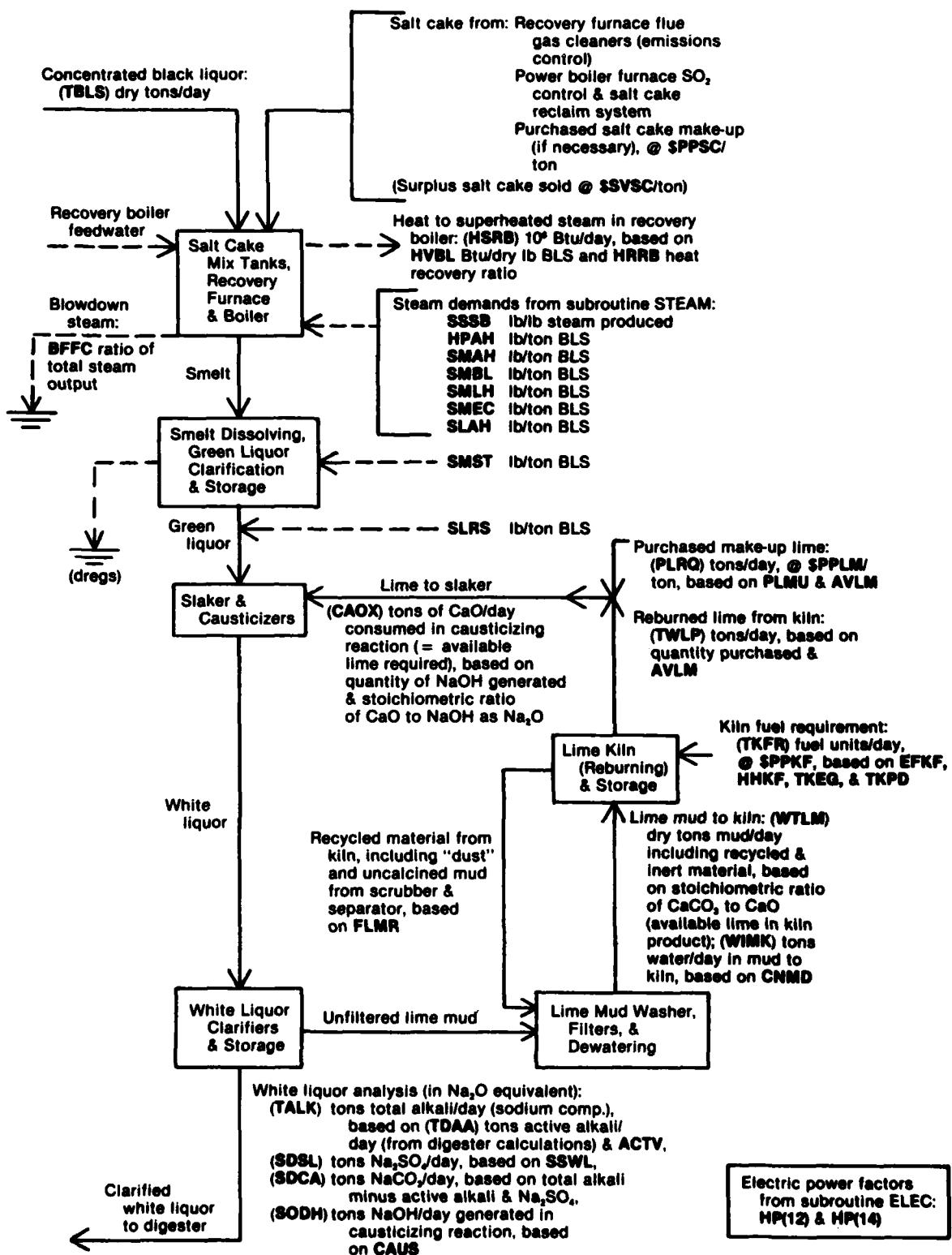


Figure 5.—Chemical recovery, lime kiln and recausticizing area: Subroutine RECBLR.

## **Subroutine ELEC: Electric power requirements**

This subroutine calculates total electric power requirements of the overall process. A total of 19 items of data is required:

(Total connected horsepower of machines and equipment by mill area):

- HP (1) - Wood preparation
- HP (2) - Digester and turpentine area
- HP (3) - Washing and refining
- HP (4) - Stock preparation
- HP (5) - Paper machine area
- HP (6) - Additives area
- HP (7) - Finishing and shipping
- HP (8) - Water supply and treatment
- HP (9) - Waste disposal
- HP (10) - Power boiler, feedwater, and condensate areas
- HP (11) - Coal handling
- HP (12) - Recovery boiler area
- HP (13) - Evaporators area
- HP (14) - Lime kiln and recausticizing
- HP (15) - Air supply system
- HP (16) - Odor collection system

- AEFU - Average efficiency of electrical energy use in mill equipment (decimal ratio of electric energy demand).
- ALFC - Average power load factor for mill equipment (decimal ratio of total connected horsepower).
- ANML - Average nonmotor load for mill and related facilities, for lighting and miscellaneous (kilowatts).

Calculations for Subroutine ELEC are:

Calculate total connected horsepower of mill machines and equipment:

$$TCHP = 0.0$$

$$TCHP = TCHP + HP (l), \text{ for } l = 1 \text{ to } 16$$

Calculate power load of mill machines and equipment (total horsepower):

$$TPLD = TCHP \times ALFC$$

Calculate total electrical power demand of mill machines and equipment (kilowatts):

$$TEED = (TPLD/AEFU) \times 0.746$$

Calculate total electrical power demand of mill, including nonmotor load:

$$TEED = TEED + ANML$$

Note that the electric power factors are used in each of the process subroutines (see flow diagrams).

## **Subroutine STEAM: Steam system, electric power, and cogeneration area**

The purpose of this subroutine is to calculate the total process steam demands, to balance steam demands with steam output from the recovery and power boilers, to determine the quantity of cogenerated electric power, and to estimate the quantities of other related inputs and outputs for the steam system, electric power, and cogeneration areas of the process.

The model assumes three levels of process steam: high, medium, and low pressure. The model also assumes all process steam is obtained via a cogenerating turbine, which in turn obtains higher-pressure superheated steam from the power and recovery boilers. The assumptions built into this subroutine reflect typical conventional process design.

A total of 46 items of data is required for this subroutine. They include steam loss ratios, heat exchange efficiency, enthalpies of steam, feedwater, and make-up water, ratios of steam recovered, turbine generator efficiency, and various specific rates of process steam demand throughout the entire process:

- BFFC - Blowdown ratio for power and recovery boilers (pounds blown/total pounds of steam produced in boilers). (Blow to flash tanks assumed to have low enthalpy and may be used to heat feedwater, but heat content is not accounted for here.)
- CNSL - Losses from steam system in condensate receiver and deaerator (pounds of steam or condensate lost (e.g., in vents, etc.)/pound of total feedwater to power and recovery boilers).
- FWHE - Feedwater heater heat exchange efficiency (ratio of heat input that exits in feedwater, average).
- HCCN - Enthalpy of combined condensate from steam system to deaerator (Btu/pound of condensate).
- HCMW - Enthalpy of make-up water to deaerator (Btu/pound of make-up water).
- HHPP - Enthalpy of high-pressure process steam (Btu/pound of steam).
- HLPP - Enthalpy of low-pressure process steam (Btu/pound of steam).
- HMPP - Enthalpy of medium-pressure process steam (Btu/pound of steam).
- HSHP - Enthalpy of superheated steam from boilers (Btu/pound of steam).
- HTMS - Ratio of total high-pressure process steam recovered as medium-pressure process steam, excluding steam from turbines (ratio of total high-pressure steam).

<b>PKWH</b>	- Price of purchased electrical energy (\$/kilowatt-hour).
<b>SMLS</b>	- Ratio of total medium-pressure process steam recovered as low pressure process steam, excluding steam from turbines (ratio of total medium-pressure steam).
<b>SSSB</b>	- Superheated steam required for sootblowers in power and recovery boiler areas (pounds/total pounds of steam produced).
<b>SVSE</b>	- Sales value of surplus electrical energy cogenerated in mill (\$/kilowatt-hour).
<b>TGEF</b>	- Turbine generator efficiency for conversion of steam energy to electrical energy (ratio of steam energy consumed to electric energy produced).

Average high-pressure process steam demands are:

<b>HPAH</b>	- High-pressure steam for air heater in recovery boiler area (pounds/ton of black liquor solids to recovery boiler).
<b>HPFW</b>	- High-pressure steam demand for power boiler feedwater heaters (pounds/pound of feedwater to power boiler).
<b>HPMD</b>	- High-pressure steam miscellaneous demand volume (pounds/ton of product).
<b>HPPB</b>	- High-pressure steam demand for power boiler area, air heaters, and miscellaneous (pounds/pound of steam produced in power boiler).
<b>HPPM</b>	- High-pressure steam demand of paper machine and vacuum pump turbines (pounds/dry ton of paper or paperboard product). (This steam discharges to medium-pressure process steam header.)
<b>HPSL</b>	- Losses from high-pressure process steam system (ratio of total high-pressure process steam not returned in condensate).
<b>HPTC</b>	- High-pressure steam demand of paper machine thermocompressors for dryer drainage (pounds/dry ton of paper or paperboard product).

Average medium-pressure process steam demands are:

<b>SMAH</b>	- Medium-pressure steam demand for air heater in recovery boiler area (pounds/ton of black liquor solids to recovery boiler).
<b>SMAS</b>	- Medium-pressure steam demand for air supply area (pounds/dry ton of pulp produced).
<b>SMBL</b>	- Medium-pressure steam demand for black liquor guns in recovery boiler furnace (pounds/ton of black liquor solids to recovery furnace).
<b>SMDH</b>	- Medium-pressure steam demand for digester liquor heater (pounds/thousand gallons of white liquor to digester).
<b>SMFW</b>	- Medium-pressure steam demand for power boiler feedwater heaters (pounds/pound of feedwater to power boiler).

<b>SMEC</b>	- Medium-pressure steam demand for emissions control (electrostatic precipitators) in recovery boiler area (pounds/ton of black liquor solids to recovery furnace).
<b>SMJE</b>	- Medium-pressure steam for steam jets in evaporators (pounds/ton of black liquor solids into evaporators).
<b>SMLH</b>	- Medium-pressure steam demand for secondary black liquor heater in recovery boiler area (pounds/ton of black liquor solids to recovery boiler).
<b>SMMD</b>	- Medium-pressure process steam miscellaneous demand volume (pounds/ton of product).
<b>SMPB</b>	- Medium-pressure steam demand for power boiler area, air heaters, emissions control, and miscellaneous (pounds/pound of steam produced in power boiler).
<b>SMPD</b>	- Medium-pressure steam demand for paper machine dryers (pounds/pound of water removed in heated dryer section of paper machine).
<b>SMSL</b>	- Losses from medium-pressure process steam system (ratio of total medium-pressure steam not returned in condensate).
<b>SMST</b>	- Medium-pressure steam demand for smelt dissolving tank in recovery area (pounds/ton of black liquor solids to recovery boiler).

Average low-pressure process steam demands are:

<b>SLAH</b>	- Low-pressure steam demand for air heater in recovery boiler area (pounds/ton of black liquor solids to recovery).
<b>SLCN</b>	- Low-pressure steam demand for black liquor concentrators (pounds/pound of water removed in black liquor concentrators).
<b>SLDA</b>	- Low-pressure steam demand for deaerator (pounds/pound of total feedwater).
<b>SLDG</b>	- Low-pressure steam demand for digester steaming vessel (pounds/dry ton of chips to digester).
<b>SLEV</b>	- Low-pressure steam demand for black liquor evaporators (pounds/pound of water removed from black liquor in evaporators).
<b>SLMD</b>	- Low-pressure miscellaneous steam demand (pounds/dry ton of paper or paperboard product).
<b>SLPB</b>	- Low-pressure steam demand for power boiler area, air heaters, emissions control, etc. (pounds/pound of steam produced in power boiler).
<b>SLPM</b>	- Low-pressure steam demand for paper machine auxiliary equipment and miscellaneous purposes (pounds/dry ton of product).
<b>SLRS</b>	- Low-pressure steam demand for heating green liquor to slaker in recausticizing area (pounds/ton of black liquor solids to recovery area).

- SLSE** - Low-pressure steam demand for sulfur emissions odor control, collection system (pounds/dry ton of pulp produced).
- SLSL** - Losses from low-pressure process steam system (ratio of total low-pressure steam volume not returned in condensate to deaerator).

Calculations for Subroutine STEAM are:

Set initial feedwater enthalpy to zero:

$$HFWR = 0.0$$

Calculate initial estimate of recovery boiler steam output (pounds of superheated steam/day):

$$SORB = (HSRB \times 1000000.0) / (HSHP - HFWR)$$

Calculate initial estimates of net boiler steam demands (pounds of superheated steam/day):

- (High-pressure process steam demands, approx.)

$$HPSD = ((HPPM \times PPRD) + (HPTC \times PPRD) + (HPAH \times TBLS) + (HPMD \times PPRD))$$

- (Medium-pressure process steam demands, approx.)

$$SMSD = ((SMPD \times TWRD \times 2000.0) + (SMJE \times (TBLS + SOPR)) + (SMDH \times TWLV) + (TBLS \times (SMEC + SMAH + SMST + SMLH + SMBL)) + (SMAS \times PROD) + (SMMD \times PPRD) - (HPPM \times PPRD) - ((HPSD - (HPPM \times PPRD)) \times HTMS))$$

- (Low-pressure process steam demands, approx.)

$$SLSD = ((PPRD \times (SLPM + SLMD)) + (TBLS \times (SLRS + SLAH)) + ((SLEV \times WREV) + (SLCN \times WRCN)) \times 2000.0) + (SLDG \times PPWD) + (SLSE \times PROD) - (SMLS \times GMSD) - SMLP)$$

Calculate initial estimate of power boiler steam output (pounds of superheated steam/day):

$$SOPB = (HPSD + SMSD + SLSD - SORB + (SSSB \times SORB) + (SLDA \times SORB \times (1.0 + BFFC))) / (1.0 - SSSB - ((HPFW + SMFW + SLDA) \times (1.0 + BFFC)) - (HPPB + SMPB + SLPB))$$

Follow iterative procedure to determine the steam energy balance (algorithm iterates until equilibrium enthalpy of feedwater to recovery boiler is obtained):

Calculate total steam and condensate losses from steam system, equivalent to make-up water requirements (pounds/day):

$$TSLS = (SSSB \times (SOPB + SORB)) + (0.7 \times BFFC \times (SOPB + SORB)) + (HPSL \times HPSD) + (SMSL \times GMSD) + (SLSL \times (SLSD + (SMLS \times GMSD))) + (CNSL \times ((SOPB + SORB) \times (1.0 + BFFC)))$$

Calculate quantity of condensate to deaerator (pounds/day) (PBFW is feedwater to power boiler):

$$PBFW = (SOPB \times (1.0 + BFFC))$$

$$CNDA = ((SOPB + SORB) \times (1.0 + BFFC)) \cdot TSLS - ((SMFW + HPFW) \times PBFW) - (SLDA \times (SOPB + SORB) \times (1.0 + BFFC))$$

Calculate enthalpy of feedwater to recovery boiler and power boiler feedwater heaters (Btu/pound of feedwater):

$$HFWT = ((TSLS \times HCMW) + (CNDA \times HCCN) + (SLDA \times HLPP \times (SOPB + SORB) \times (1.0 + BFFC)) + ((HPFW + SMFW) \times HCCN \times PBFW) - (CNSL \times HCCN \times ((SOPB + SORB) \times (1.0 + BFFC)))) / ((SOPB + SORB) \times (1.0 + BFFC))$$

$$HFWR = (HFWR + HFWT) / 2.0$$

Recalculate steam output of recovery boiler (pounds/day):

$$SORB = (HSRB \times 1000000.0) / (HSHP - HFWR)$$

Recalculate net high-pressure process steam demands (pounds/day):

$$HPSD = ((HPPM \times PPRD) + (HPTC \times PPRD) + (HPAH \times TBLS) + (HPMD \times PPRD) + (HPPB \times SOPB) + (HPFW \times PBFW))$$

Recalculate net medium-pressure process steam demands (pounds/day):

$$SMSD = ((SMPD \times TWRD \times 2000.0) + (SMDH \times TWLV) + (SMJE \times (TBLS + SOPR)) + (SMAS \times PROD) + (TBLS \times (SMEC + SMAH + SMLH + SMST + SMBL)) + (SMPB \times SOPB) + (SMFW \times PBFW) + (SMMD \times PPRD) - (HPPM \times PPRD) - ((HPSD - (HPPM \times PPRD)) \times HTMS))$$

Recalculate net low-pressure process steam demands (pounds/day):

$$SLSD = ((SLPM + SLMD) \times PPRD) + ((SLRS + SLAH) \times TBLS) + (SLEV \times WREV \times 2000.0) + (SLCN \times WRCN \times 2000.0) + (SLDG \times PPWD) + (SLSE \times PROD) + (SLPB \times SOPB) + (SLDA \times (SOPB + SORB) \times (1.0 + BFFC)) - (SMLS \times GMSD) - SMLP$$

Recalculate steam output of power boiler (pounds/day):

$$SOPB = (HPSD + SMSD + SLSD - (SORB \times (1.0 - SSSB))) / (1.0 - SSSB)$$

$$PPFW = (SOPB \times (1.0 + BFFC))$$

Check feedwater enthalpy.

Reiterate to equilibrium.

Calculate the enthalpy of feedwater to power boiler, out of feedwater heaters (Btu/pound of feedwater):

$$HBFW = ((PBFW \times HFWR) + (FWHE \times (((HHPP - HCCN) \times HPFW \times PBFW) + ((HMPP - HCCN) \times SMFW \times PBFW)))) / PBFW$$

Calculate the steam heat energy demand on power boiler (million Btu/day) (input to power boiler subroutine):

$$SHDM = ((SOPB \times HSHP) - (SOPB \times HPFW)) / 1000000.0$$

Calculate the amount of electrical energy cogenerated (kilowatt-hours/day) (1 kilowatt-hour = 3413.0 Btu of energy equivalent):

$$COGN = TGEF \times (((HSHP - HHPP) \times HPSD) + ((HSHP - HMPP) \times SMSD) + ((HSHP - HLPP) \times SLSD)) / 3413.0$$

Calculate purchased electrical energy requirements (kilowatt-hours/day):

$$PERQ = (TEED \times 24.0) - COGN$$

$$SREE = 0.0$$

Calculate surplus electrical energy, if any, produced and sold (kilowatt-hours/day):

If PERQ < 0.0, SREE = -(PERQ)  
If PERQ < 0.0, PERQ = 0.0

A flow diagram (fig. 6) shows the process area modeled in this subroutine. Note that process steam demands are shown on this diagram and also on the other process flow diagrams. Parameters calculated in this subroutine are shown in parentheses. Note that the results of this subroutine depend on previously calculated values of a variety of process parameters from other subroutines, which determine the high-, medium-, and low-pressure process steam demands.

### Subroutine PWRBLR: Power boiler area

This subroutine calculates the quantities of fuels required for the power boiler furnace, the amount of sulfur dioxide in flue gases, the quantity of reclaimed salt cake, and the quantities of other process inputs in the power boiler, odor collection, and emission control area. A total of 24 data items is required for this subroutine:

CLMC - Moisture content of coal (ratio of total weight, including moisture, average).

COLA - Ash content of coal (ratio of dry weight).

COLC - Carbon content of coal (ratio of dry weight, ultimate analysis).

COLH - Hydrogen content of coal (ratio of dry weight).

COLO	-Oxygen content of coal (ratio of dry weight).
COLN	-Nitrogen content of coal (ratio of dry weight).
COLS	-Sulfur content of coal (ratio of dry weight).
CPRC	-Price of coal, f.o.b. mill, for power boiler (\$/ton as-purchased) (supply unlimited at given price).
EXAR	-Excess air admitted to power boiler furnace (decimal ratio of the theoretical minimum amount of air required for complete combustion, average).
HVWD	-Combustion heat energy of wood and bark fuels, higher heating value (Btu/pound dry weight, average).
PCAS	-Purchase price, f.o.b. mill, of caustic soda, 50% sodium hydroxide (NaOH), (\$/ton).
PPSC	-Purchase price of sodium sulfate ( $Na_2SO_4$ ) salt cake for salt cake make-up (\$/ton of salt cake).
RUHL	-Radiation heat losses, unaccounted for, and miscellaneous heat losses, (decimal ratio of total heat energy input to power boiler).
SDOR	-Sulfur dioxide ( $SO_2$ ) removal from stack gases in flue gas desulfurizing area (decimal ratio of total sulfur dioxide in stack gases).
SGTP	-Stack gas temperature of flue gases beyond effective heat recovery devices of power boiler ( $^{\circ}F$ , average).
STRS	-Sulfur dioxide generated from incineration of "TRS gases" in power boiler (pound/ton of pulp production).
WDMC	-Moisture content of wood and bark fuels used in power boiler (decimal ratio of wet weight, average).
WMAX	-Maximum quantity of wood and bark fuel that can be used for fuel in power boiler (dry tons/day). (Coal is used for remainder of heat energy.)
WODA	-Ash content of wood and bark fuel (ratio of dry wood weight).
WODC	-Average ultimate analysis carbon content of wood and bark fuel used in power boiler (decimal ratio of wood weight).
WODH	-Hydrogen content of wood and bark fuel (ratio of dry wood weight).
WODN	-Nitrogen content of wood and bark fuel (ratio of dry wood weight).
WODO	-Oxygen content of wood and bark fuel (ratio of dry wood weight).
WPRC	-Purchase price, f.o.b. mill, of wood fuel (\$/dry ton) (or 2x selling price of surplus fuel).

Calculations for Subroutine PWRBLR are:

Calculate quantity of wood and bark residues produced and available for fuel (dry tons/day):

$$QRES = SRFR + HRFR + SBRK + HBRK$$

Calculate higher heating value of coal via Dulong formula (Btu/dry pound):

$$HVCO = (145.44 \times COLC + 620.0 \times (COLH + COLO/8.0) + 41.0 \times COLS) \times 100.0$$

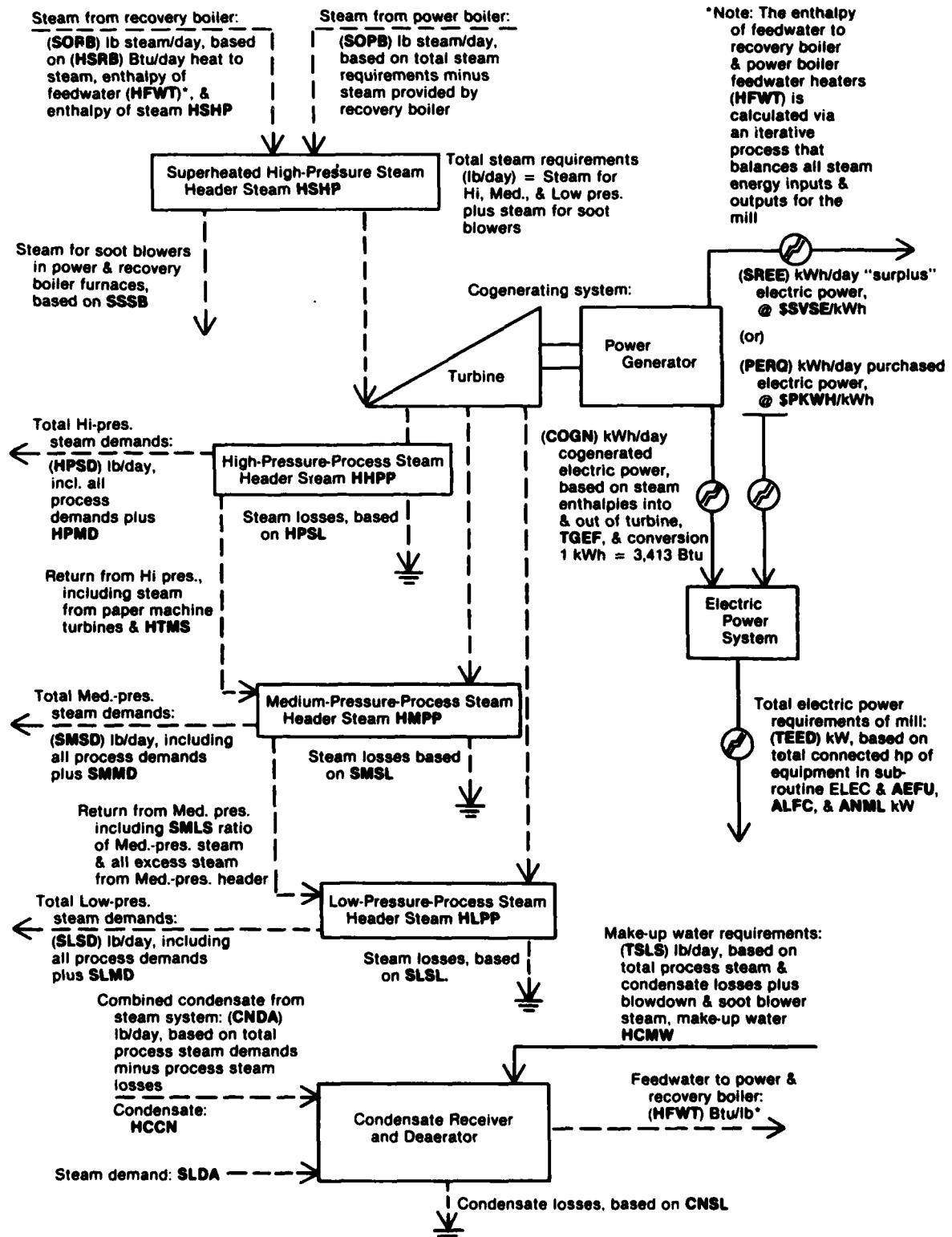


Figure 6.—Steam system, electric power and cogeneration area: Subroutine STEAM.

**Calculate heat energy recovery from coal (Btu/dry ton):**

Call SUB1 (HVCO, COLC, COLH, COLO, COLN, CLMC, SGTP, EXAR, RUHL, RCCO)

**Calculate heat energy recovery from wood and bark fuel (Btu/dry ton):**

Call SUB1 (HVWD, WODC, WODH, WODO, WODN, WDMC, SGTP, EXAR, RUHL, RCWD)

**Determine total quantity of wood and bark residues and purchased wood fuel used in power boiler (dry tons):**

WM = SHDM/RCWD

If WM<WMAX, WMAX = WM

If QRES>WMAX, SURB = QRES - WMAX

If QRES>WMAX, QWOD = 0.0

If QRES>WMAX, QRES = WMAX

QWOD = WMAX - QRES

If QWOD<0.0, QWOD = 0.0

**Calculate heat energy recovered from wood and bark residues, and purchased wood fuels (million Btu/day):**

HTRB = QRES x RCWD

HTRW = QWOD x RCWD

**Calculate quantity of coal required (dry tons/day):**

QCOL = (SHDM - (HTRB + HTRW))/RCCO

If QCOL<0.0, QCOL = 0.0

**Calculate heat recovered from coal (million Btu/day):**

HTRC = QCOL x RCCO

**Calculate quantity of sulfur dioxide in stack gases (tons/day):**

SDSG = (COLS x QCOL x 2.0) + (STRS x PROD/2000.0)

**Calculate quantity of salt cake reclaimed as sodium sulfate (tons chemical/day; the factor of 2.21875 is the stoichiometric weight ratio of sodium sulfate to sulfur dioxide):**

SSDS = SDSG x SDOR x 2.21875

**Calculate quantity of caustic soda (50% sodium hydroxide) required for desulfurization process (tons chemical/day; the factor of 2.5 is the stoichiometric weight ratio of 2x sodium hydroxide to sulfur dioxide):**

CSDS = SDSG x SDOR x 2.5

**Calculate purchased salt cake requirements (tons/day of salt cake, as sodium sulfate):**

PSCR = (SCLS x PROD/2000.0) - SSDS

SSCK = 0.0

**Calculate surplus salt cake produced, if any (tons/day):**

If PSCR<0.0, SSCK = -(PSCR)

If PSCR>0.0, PSCR = 0.0

**Calculate weight of surplus wood fuel (wet tons/day) (including moisture in fuel):**

SURB = SURB/(1.0 - WDMC)

**Calculate weight of purchased wood fuel (wet tons/day) (including moisture in fuel):**

QWOD = QWOD/(1.0 - WDMC)

**Calculate weight of purchased coal fuel (wet tons/day) (including moisture in fuel):**

QCOL = QCOL/(1.0 - CLMC)

A further subroutine, SUB1 (HV, C, H, X, XN, PM, T2, EX, HL, RC), calculates heat energy recovery from combustion of wood, bark, or coal (million Btu/ton of dry fuel):

HV = higher heating value of fuel (Btu/pound)

C = carbon content of fuel (ratio of dry weight)

H = hydrogen content of fuel (ratio of dry weight)

X = oxygen content of fuel (ratio of dry weight)

XN = nitrogen content of fuel (ratio of dry weight)

PM = moisture content of fuel (ratio of wet weight of fuel)

T2 = stack gas temperature of combustion system beyond effective heat recovery devices

EX = excess air as a ratio of theoretical air required for combustion in furnace

HL = miscellaneous radiation and unaccounted-for heat losses, ratio of heat energy input

RC = heat recovery (million Btu/dry ton of fuel)

T1 = ambient temperature of air and fuel (= 60.0)

**Calculate heat loss caused by fuel moisture and hydrogen in fuel (Btu/dry pound of fuel):**

HLMH = (970.0 + (212.0 - T1) + (0.46 x (T2 - 212.0))) x (H x 9.0 + PM/(1.0 - PM))

**Calculate heat loss caused by dry gas and excess air based on specific heats of dry gases:**

HLDG = (T2 - T1) x (0.24 x (((H x 8.0) + (C x 2.667) - X)/0.232) x EX + (((H x 8.0) + (C x 2.66667) - X)/0.232) x 0.768 + XN) x 0.25 + (C x 3.66667 x 0.22))

**Calculate "conventional" heat losses due to radiation, miscellaneous and unaccounted-for losses:**

HLMS = HV x HL

**Calculate heat recovery (Btu/pound of dry fuel):**

RCLB = HV - (HLMH + HLDG + HLMS)

**Calculate heat recovery (million Btu/dry ton of fuel):**

RC = RCLB x 0.002

A flow diagram (fig. 7) shows the process area modeled in this subroutine. Parameters calculated in this subroutine are in parentheses. Note that bark and fines removed from pulpwood in wood preparation are used as fuel in the power boiler furnace, subject to the maximum quantity of wood fuel that can be used. Note also that results of this subroutine depend on the steam energy balance calculated in the previous subroutine, which determines the quantity of steam output required from the power boiler.

### **Subroutine WATER: Water supply and wastewater treatment**

This subroutine models the water supply system and wastewater treatment, including calculating the quantity of mill water required, the quantity of water treatment chemicals, the quantity of wastewater effluent, and the quantity of effluent treatment chemicals required. Seven items of data are required:

- EFLF** - Effluent flow to wastewater treatment facilities of mill (gallons/dry ton of paper or paperboard product).
- ETCH** - Effluent treatment chemicals (nutrients such as nitrogen and phosphoric compounds) (units (gallons, pounds, etc.)/thousand gallons of untreated effluent).
- PETC** - Average price of effluent treatment chemicals (\$/unit (gallons, pounds, etc.)).
- PWCH** - Average price of feedwater treatment chemicals (\$/unit of chemical (pounds, gallons, etc.)).
- PWTR** - Price of mill water (\$/thousand gallons of water input requirements).
- WATR** - Mill water requirements (gallons/dry ton of paper or paperboard product output).
- WTCH** - Water treatment chemicals required (average units (pounds, gallons, etc.)/thousand gallons of water into mill).

#### **Calculations for Subroutine WATER:**

Calculate total mill water input requirements (million gallons/day):

$$TMWR = WATR \times PPRD/1000000.0$$

Calculate mill water treatment chemical requirements (units of chemicals (gallons, pounds, etc.)/day):

$$TWTC = WTCH \times TMWR \times 1000.0$$

Calculate total effluent flow to wastewater treatment (millions of gallons/day):

$$TEFL = EFLF \times PPRD/1000000.0$$

Calculate effluent treatment chemical requirements (units of chemicals (gallons, pounds, etc.)/day):

$$TETC = TEFL \times ETCH \times 1000.0$$

A flow diagram (fig. 8) shows the process area modeled in this subroutine.

### **Subroutine SALES: Sales revenues, material, energy, and labor costs**

This subroutine calculates total process revenues, and material, energy, and labor costs (revenues and costs are calculated per year, per day, and per ton of product) based primarily on all of the process input and output calculations of the previous subroutines. A total of 13 items of data is required:

- AMLB** - Average maintenance labor requirements (number of hourly wage maintenance workers needed/day (8-hr shifts each)).
- AMWG** - Average maintenance labor wage rate, including all fringe benefits and related expenses (\$/hr).
- CCTC** - Cost of cooling tower chemicals (cooling system for process water) (\$/ton of paper (board) product).
- CFWC** - Cost of feedwater chemicals for treatment of boiler feedwater (\$/ton of paper (board) products).
- DFCS** - Cost of dryer felts for paper machine dryers (\$/dry ton of product).
- DPYR** - Effective number of days per year that the mill is in operation (days/year).
- EXLB** - Average nonprocess labor requirements (number of hourly wage non-process workers needed/day (8-hr shifts each)).
- EXWG** - Average nonprocess labor wage rate, including all fringe benefits and related expenses (\$/hr).
- PLWG** - Average process labor wage rate, including all fringe benefits and related expenses (\$/hr).
- PSLB** - Average process labor requirements (number of hourly wage process personnel needed/day (8-hr shifts each)).
- RCST** - Cost of roll covers for finished rolls of paper or paperboard product(\$/dry ton of product).
- WCST** - Cost of wires for paper machine (\$/dry ton of product).
- WFCS** - Cost of wet felts for paper machine (\$/dry ton of product).

#### **Calculations for Subroutine SALES are:**

Calculate mill revenues for paper (board), turpentine, "soap," surplus electrical energy, excess reclaimed salt cake, surplus bark (\$/day):

$$R(1,1) = SVAL \times PPRD$$

$$R(2,1) = TPSV \times TRPD$$

$$R(3,1) = SOPP \times SOPR$$

$$R(4,1) = SVSE \times SREE$$

$$R(5,1) = SVSC \times SSCK$$

$$R(6,1) = (WPRC \times 0.5) \times SURB$$

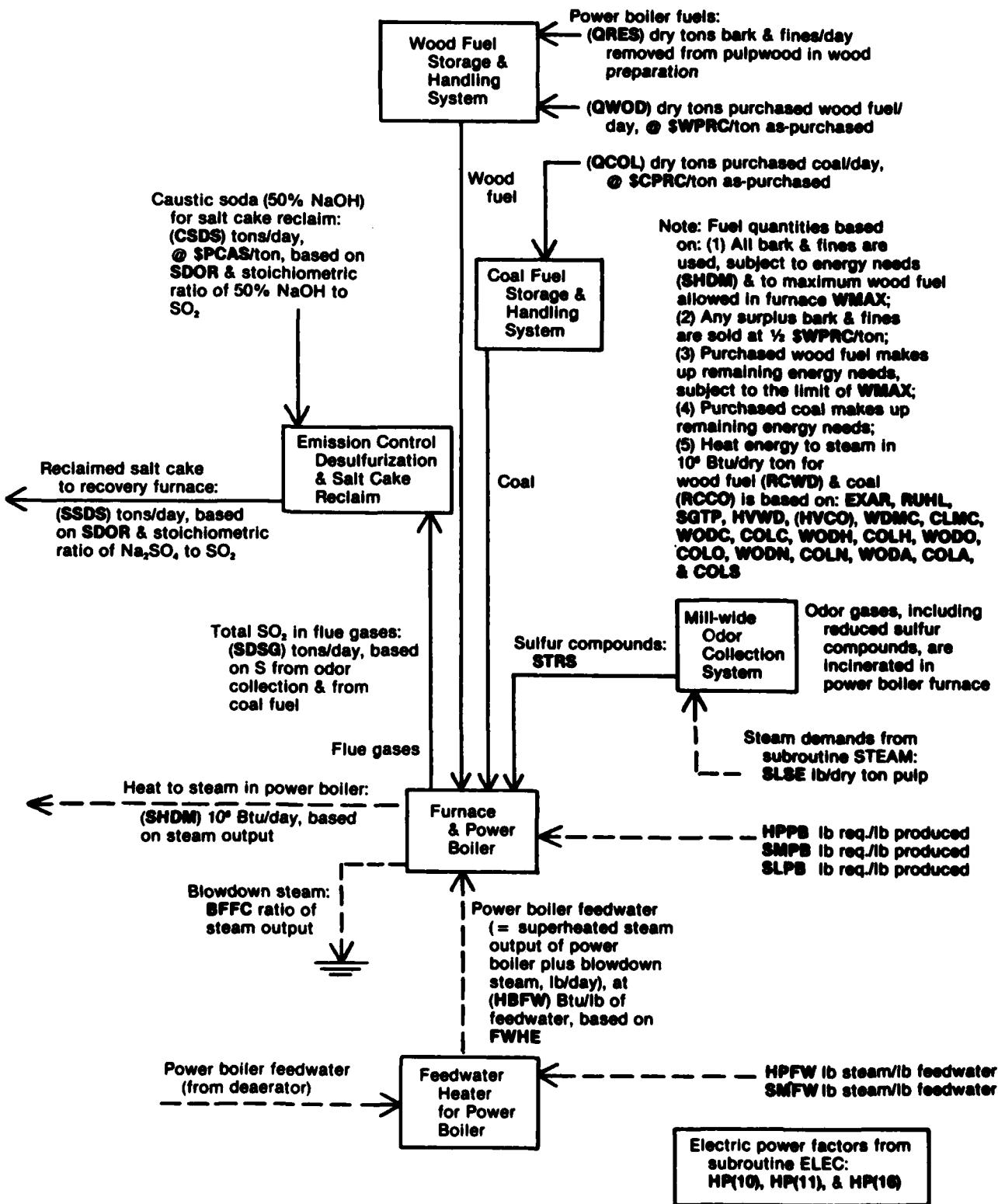
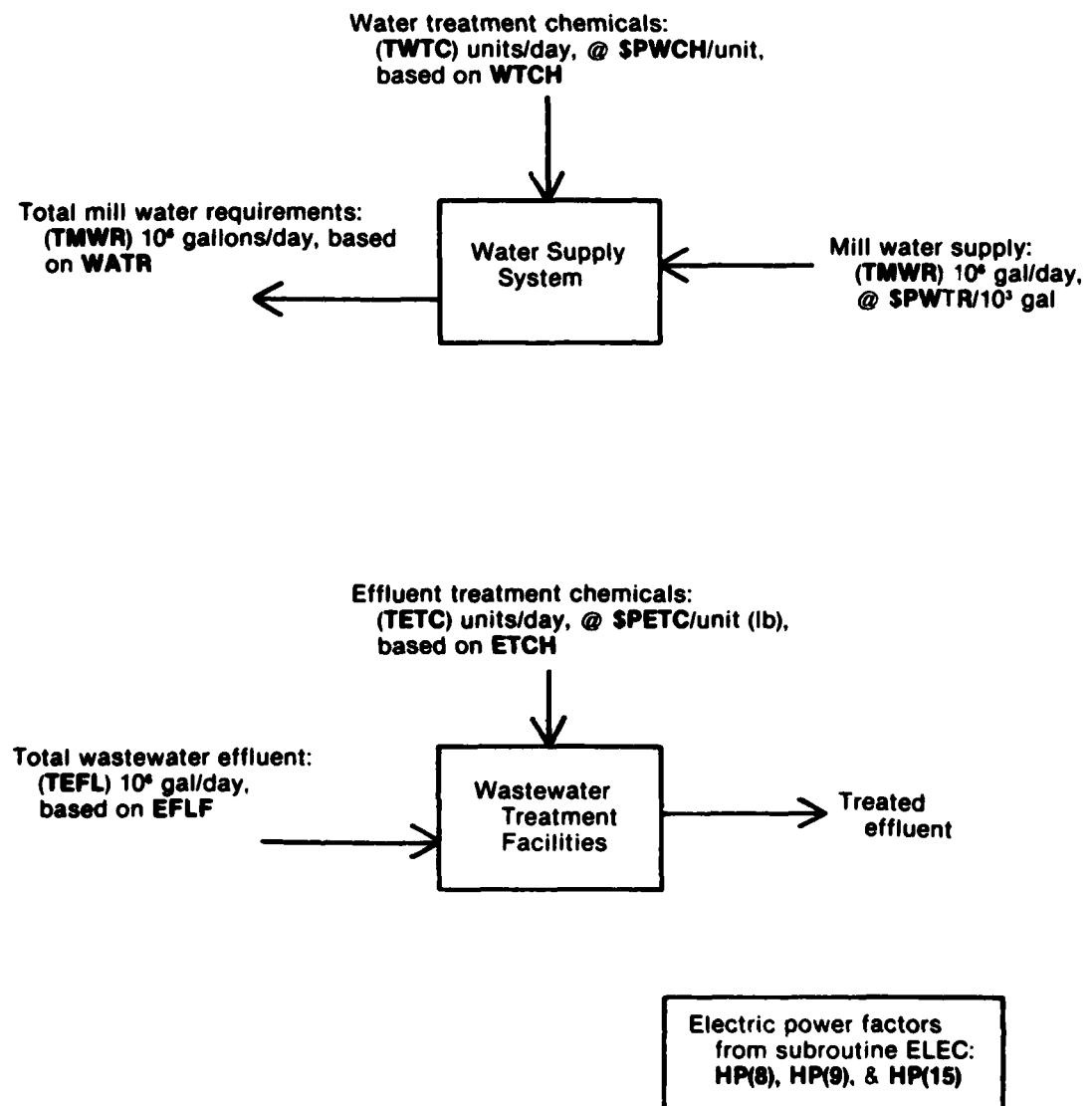


Figure 7.—Power boiler area: Subroutine PWRBLR.



**Figure 8.—Water supply, wastewater treatment and air supply area: Subroutine WATER.**

**Calculate fuel and energy costs for coal, wood fuel, natural gas, electrical energy (\$/day):**

$$VC(1,1) = CPRC \times QCOL$$

$$VC(2,1) = WPRC \times QWOD$$

$$VC(3,1) = PPKF \times TKFR$$

$$VC(4,1) = PKWH \times PERQ$$

**Calculate pulpwood and recycled fiber raw material costs for softwood roundwood, hardwood roundwood, softwood "clean" chips, hardwood "clean" chips, softwood whole-tree chips, hardwood whole-tree chips, recycled old corrugated, and recycled paper (\$/day):**

$$VC(5,1) = PSRW \times CDSW$$

$$VC(6,1) = PHRW \times CDHW$$

$$VC(7,1) = PSPC \times SCCW$$

$$VC(8,1) = PHPC \times HCCW$$

$$VC(30,1) = PSWC \times SWCW$$

$$VC(31,1) = PHWC \times HWCW$$

$$VC(32,1) = PCOR \times RCRT$$

$$VC(33,1) = PPAP \times RPPT$$

**Calculate costs of additives in stock preparation for alum, sulfuric acid, starch, defoamer, rosin, slimicide (\$/day):**

$$VC(9,1) = PALM \times TALM$$

$$VC(10,1) = PACD \times TACD$$

$$VC(11,1) = PSTC \times TSTC$$

$$VC(12,1) = PDFM \times TDFM$$

$$VC(13,1) = PRSN \times TRSN$$

$$VC(14,1) = PSLM \times TSLM$$

**Calculate costs of make-up and reclaim chemicals for kraft process for salt cake, lime, caustic soda for salt cake reclaim (\$/day):**

$$VC(15,1) = PPSC \times PSCR$$

$$VC(16,1) = PPLM \times PLRQ$$

$$VC(17,1) = PCAS \times CSDS$$

**Calculate costs of other miscellaneous chemicals for cooling tower, boiler feedwater, mill water treatment, effluent treatment (\$/day):**

$$VC(18,1) = CCTC \times PPRD$$

$$VC(19,1) = CFWC \times PPRD$$

$$VC(20,1) = PWCH \times TWTC$$

$$VC(21,1) = PETC \times TETC$$

**Calculate other variable costs, for roll covers, wires, wet felts, dryer felts, mill water supply (\$/day):**

$$VC(22,1) = RCST \times PPRD$$

$$VC(23,1) = WCST \times PPRD$$

$$VC(24,1) = WFCS \times PPRD$$

$$VC(25,1) = DFCS \times PPRD$$

$$VC(26,1) = PWTR \times (TMWR/1000.0)$$

**Calculate labor costs, for process labor, nonprocess labor, and maintenance (\$/day):**

$$VC(27,1) = PSLB \times PLWG \times 8.0$$

$$VC(28,1) = EXLB \times EXWG \times 8.0$$

$$VC(29,1) = AMLB \times AMWG \times 8.0$$

## Sample Program Output

Figure 9 shows a sample of the program output. The output includes material balances, steam and energy balance, electric power, fuel and chemicals summary, and a revenue and cost summary for the overall process.

The output is largely self-explanatory. The material balances show the inputs and outputs in various parts of the overall process. The steam and energy balance shows the quantities of steam and energy produced in the recovery and power boilers, and the various steam and energy demands. Note that the steam demands and losses balance with steam output of the boilers. The revenue and cost summary provides an economic interpretation of the overall process. "Contribution margin" is total revenues minus total variable costs. Contribution margin is the net amount of revenues that can be regarded as available to cover fixed costs and capital costs, with the remaining amount available for earnings or profit. Taxes are not considered here. Note also that the variable costs include some items, particularly labor, that are probably "semivariable" in a strict sense. That is, as level of production increases or decreases, labor cost and other "semivariable" costs will not change in direct proportion.

The sample data values presented in the appendix were used to obtain the output in figure 9.

## User Notes, Guidelines, and Summary

A complete listing of the sample data and the program are provided in the appendix. Data are read sequentially by each subroutine. The program uses the input format corresponding to the data list in the appendix, and includes complete output format corresponding to the output shown in figure 9.

The mathematical procedures used in the model were designed to be simple and straightforward, although the overall process is complex. The model and sample data were verified by comparison with physical parameters and estimated cost data provided by a consulting engineering firm that has been involved recently in design and installation of unbleached kraft paperboard mills. The model and sample data correspond to modern mill and process design criteria as verified in informal contacts with numerous industry personnel and reviews of numerous trade journal articles describing features of specific modern mills. The model has also been tested at a variety of extreme parameter values and appears to provide reasonable and satisfactory results.

The computer model permits a user to make quick, precise estimates of the effects of major economic, technological, or physical changes in an overall conventional unbleached kraft paperboard production process. With the model, users can develop their own basic set of data that reflects their concept of conventional process design and conventional process parameters. Then the user may adjust the basic set of data to reflect a specific process or economic change, and can obtain precise estimates of the effect of that change in a matter of minutes, using the computer model. The model is also inexpensive to run. Thus it is useful in evaluating research opportunities, process alternatives, and the results of applied technical research on the unbleached kraft paperboard process.

One final word of caution is necessary. The user must keep in mind that changes in one or several of the data parameters might necessitate changes in other data parameters. For example, if pulp yield is changed, it is probably true that the amount of black liquor recovered per ton of pulp will need to be changed also. Other data parameters can also be affected. Therefore, the user needs to have some familiarity with the overall process and with the way in which various data parameters are likely to be related to each other. A general rule to follow in using the model is the following: Whenever changes are made in any of the data, review all of the data to see if corresponding changes must be made in other values too. After a user develops familiarity with the model, that procedure will likely become second nature.

## MATERIALS BALANCE

### I. STOCK PREPARATION, ADDITIVES, PAPER MACHINE, FINISHING AND SHIPPING AREAS

#### A. FINISHED PRODUCT OUTPUT:

1480.0 DRY TONS/DAY  
(MOISTURE CONTENT 6.0 % TOTAL WT., BASIS)  
(1480.0 TONS/DAY, GROSS PRODUCT OUTPUT AT 95% DRY WT.)  
( 80.0 TONS/DAY, WATER IN PRODUCT)

#### B. RECYCLED DRY BROKE (TO STOCK PREP.):

35.0 DRY TONS/DAY

#### C. TOTAL PAPER MACHINE AND DRYER THROUGHPUT (A + B):

1435.0 DRY TONS/DAY  
(TRIMMED REEL WIDTH: 324, INCHES)  
(AVERAGE SPEED: 1037. LIN. FT./MIN.)  
(MAXIMUM SPEED: 1714. LIN. FT./MIN.)

#### D. ADDITIVES AND RECYCLED MATERIALS IN STOCK PREPARATIONS:

14.0 TONS/DAY ALUM  
14.0 TONS/DAY ACID  
.0 TONS/DAY STARCH  
1.2 TONS/DAY DEFOAMER  
1.0 TONS/DAY ROSIN  
.6 TONS/DAY SLIMICIDE  
.0 DRY TONS/DAY RECYCLED CORRUGATED  
.0 DRY TONS/DAY RECYCLED PAPER

#### E. TOTAL WEIGHT ADDITIVES AND RECYCLED MATERIALS IN PRODUCT (INCLUDES ALL RECYCLED AT RECOVERY RATE, ALL ALUM, STARCH, ROSIN, PLUS HALF OF ACID, DEFOAMER, & SLIMICIDE)

23.3 DRY TONS/DAY

#### F. WEIGHT OF PULP INTO STOCK PREPARATION FROM DIGESTER (A - E):

1376.7 DRY TONS/DAY

#### G. WATER REMOVAL IN DRYER SECTIONS:

2860.0 TONS/DAY  
(AVG. MOIST. CONT. INTO DRYER 60.0 % TOTAL WT.)  
(AVG. MOIST. CONT. OUT OF DRYER 6.0 % TOTAL WT.)

## II. DIGESTER, PULP WASHING AND EVAPORATORS

#### A. WEIGHT OF PULP OUT OF WASHERS (I.F.):

1376.7 DRY TONS/DAY

#### B. PULPHOOD CHIPS INTO DIGESTER:

2973.3 DRY TONS/DAY

#### C. TURPENTINE RECOVERY FROM CHIPS:

3.5 TONS/DAY

#### D. BLACK LIQUOR SOLIDS IN WEAK BLACK LIQUOR FROM WASHERS TO EVAPORATORS

1805.5 TONS DRY SOLIDS/DAY  
(SOLIDS CONTENT 15.0 %)

#### E. SOAP RECOVERY FROM BLACK LIQUOR:

100.1 DRY TONS/DAY

#### F. WATER REMOVALS IN EVAPORATORS & CONCENTRATORS:

6522.5 TONS/DAY WATER REM. IN EVAPORATORS  
(SOLIDS CONTENT TO CONCENTRATORS) 50.0 %  
763.4 TONS/DAY WATER REM. IN CONCENTRATORS  
(SOLIDS CONTENT TO RECOVERY BOILERS) 65.0 %

#### G. BLACK LIQUOR CONCENTRATE TO RECOVERY BOILERS:

1697.4 TONS DRY SOLIDS/DAY

#### H. WHITE LIQUOR TO DIGESTER:

900.4 THOUSAND GALLONS/DAY  
375.1 TONS/DAY ACTIVE ALKALI  
(SODIUM OXIDE EQUIVALENT)  
( 16.5 % OF WOOD WEIGHT)

## III. WOOD PREPARATION AREAS

#### A. VOLUME OF PULPHOOD INTO DIGESTER (III.B):

2973.3 DRY TONS/DAY

#### B. VOLUME OF BARK AND FINES REMOVED AND Routed TO POWER BOILER

330.6 DRY TONS/DAY

#### C. TOTAL VOLUME OF PULPHOOD REQUIRED INCLUDING BARK AND FINES (SEE BELOW):

2904.0 DRY TONS/DAY

\* AVG. QUANTITY OF SOFTWOOD ROUNDWOOD  
PULPHOOD REQUIRED PER DAY:

1150.5 DRY TONS/DAY, OR  
671.3 CORDS/DAY

(MOISTURE CONTENT 50.0%)  
986.3 DRY TONS/DAY TO DIGESTER  
150.1 DRY TONS/DAY BARK  
28.1 DRY TONS/DAY FINES

\* AVG. QUANTITY OF HARDWOOD ROUNDWOOD  
PULPHOOD REQUIRED PER DAY:

537.6 DRY TONS/DAY, OR  
330.4 CORDS/DAY

(MOISTURE CONTENT 50.0%)  
209.3 DRY TONS/DAY TO DIGESTER  
42.2 DRY TONS/DAY BARK  
8.9 DRY TONS/DAY FINES

\* AVG. QUANTITY OF "CLEAN" SOFTWOOD  
CHIPS REQUIRED PER DAY:

372.1 DRY TONS/DAY, OR  
740.1 TONS/DAY, AS RECEIVED

(MOISTURE CONTENT 50.0%)  
360.9 DRY TONS/DAY TO DIGESTER  
11.2 DRY TONS/DAY FINES

\* AVG. QUANTITY OF "CLEAN" HARDWOOD  
CHIPS REQUIRED PER DAY:

39.8 DRY TONS/DAY, OR  
79.6 TONS/DAY, AS RECEIVED

(MOISTURE CONTENT 50.0%)

30.6 DRY TONS/DAY TO DIGESTER  
1.2 DRY TONS/DAY FINES

\* AVG. QUANTITY OF SOFTWOOD WHOLE-TREE CHIPS  
REQUIRED PER DAY:

935.7 DRY TONS/DAY, OR  
1871.4 TONS/DAY, AS RECEIVED

(MOISTURE CONTENT 50.0%)

942.1 DRY TONS/DAY TO DIGESTER  
93.6 DRY TONS/DAY FINES

\* AVG. QUANTITY OF HARDWOOD WHOLE-TREE CHIPS  
REQUIRED PER DAY:

66.3 DRY TONS/DAY, OR  
128.7 TONS/DAY, AS RECEIVED

(MOISTURE CONTENT 50.0%)

57.9 DRY TONS/DAY TO DIGESTER  
8.4 DRY TONS/DAY FINES

Figure 9.—Sample program output 1,400 T.P.D. Conventional process; 1982 Price data.

STEAM AND GROSS ENERGY BALANCE							LOW PRESSURE PROCESS ( 1219.6 B.T.U./LB.)						
	MILLION POUNDS OF STEAM PER DAY		HEAT ENERGY				PAPER MACHINE AUX. EQUIP.	.000	.117	3014.3	102.3	2,439	
	PER HR.	PER HR.	MILLION B.T.U.	PER DAY	PER HR.	PER TON	GREEN LIQUOR HEATER	.553	.015	430.5	17.9	.388	
STEAM OUTPUT:							AIR HEATER, REC.CLR.	.420	.016	523.5	21.0	.374	
POWER BOILER	10,923	.055	15943.0	607.7	11.103		EVAPORATOR (BLACK LIQUOR)	3,307	.130	6032.2	168.0	2,080	
RECOVERY BOILER	12,561	.023	17875.0	704.0	12.700		CONCENTRATOR (BLACK LIQUOR)	1,062	.043	1270.5	52.9	.988	
TOTAL STEAM OUTPUT	23,485	.078	33418.0	1392.5	23.871		DIGESTER STEAMING VESSEL	.735	.030	872.3	36.3	.625	
							ODOR CONTROL SYSTEM	.155	.005	1488.5	58.7	1,086	
							POWER BOILER AREA MISC.	.066	.003	70.0	3.3	.057	
							DEAERATOR (FEEDWATER)	2,251	.093	2720.7	113.0	1,942	
							MISC. LOW PRESSURE STEAM (STEAM FROM MED. PRESSURE PROCESS)	.000	.000	,0	,0	.000	
								( .000)	( .010)	537.11	22.41	( .388)	
STEAM DEMANDS:							TOTAL STEAM DEMANDS	23,485	.078	33418.0	1392.5	23.871	
SUPERHEATED STEAM ( 1423.0 B.T.U./LB.)													
BOOTSBLOWERS	.737	.031	1000.7	43.7	.749		MAKE-UP WATER REQUIRED	4,617	.184	--	--	--	
TURBINE GENERATORS (NET ENERGY)	--	--	3199.5	133.3	2.205								
HIGH PRESSURE PROCESS ( 1301.6 B.T.U./LB.)							FEEDWATER ENTHALPY	269.0 B.T.U./LB.					
PAPER MACH. & VAC. TURBINES	4,430	.185	6131.5	255.5	4.380								
PAPER MACH. THERMOCOMPRESS.	1,232	.021	1798.0	75.0	1.205								
REC. BOILER AIR HEATERS	.516	.021	710.0	29.0	.508								
POWER BOILER FEEDWATER HTR.	1,253	.052	1731.0	72.1	1.236								
POWER BOILER MISCELLANEOUS	.500	.000	,0	,0	.000								
MISC. HIGH PRESSURE STEAM	.000	.000	,0	,0	.000								
(STEAM FROM HIGH PRESSURE PROCESS)			( 5,766)	( .241)	( 7486.6)	( 368.5)	( 5,209)						
MEDIUM PRESSURE PROCESS ( 1279.2 B.T.U./LB.)													
PAPER MACHINE DRYERS	6,059	.252	7750.7	322.9	5.536								
DIGESTER LIQUOR HEATER	1,270	.053	1624.0	67.7	1.100								
EVAPORATOR STEAM JETS	.074	.003	98.0	4.0	.068								
AIR SUPPLY AREA	.000	.000	7.9	,3	.006								
ENVIRONMENT CONTROL, REC.BLR.	.186	.006	135.7	5.7	.097								
AIR EXCHANGERS, REC.BLR.	1,044	.043	1335.3	55.6	.950								
DISSOLVING TANKS	.000	.003	100.0	4.2	.073								
SEC. BLACK LIG. HTR.	.123	.003	137.0	5.0	.073								
BLACK LIG. GUNS, REC.BLR.	.064	.003	64.0	2.5	.046								
POWER BOILER FEEDWATER HTR.	.543	.023	695.0	29.0	.496								
POWER BOILER AREA MISC.	.000	.000	,0	,0	.000								
MISC. MED. PRESSURE STEAM	.000	.000	,0	,0	.000								
(STEAM FROM HIGH PRESSURE PROCESS)			( 5,766)	( .241)	( 7486.6)	( 368.5)	( 5,209)						
NET STEAM ENERGY BALANCE													
			HEAT ENERGY				ENTHALPY OF VARIOUS FLUIDS						
			MILLION B.T.U.				IN THE STEAM SYSTEM						
			PER DAY	PER HR.	PER TON		ENTHALPY						
							( B.T.U./LB.)						
NET ENERGY ADDED TO STEAM SYSTEM, IN:													
DEAERATOR & MAKE-UP WATER	2204.	.02	1.57				COMBINED CONDENSATE (INTO CONDENSATE RECEIVER FROM PROCESS)	210.0					
POWER BOILER FEEDWATER HEATER	2016.	.00	1.00				MAKE-UP WATER (INTO DEAERATOR)	40.0					
POWER BOILER	10574.	.441	7.55				PRIMARY FEEDWATER (TO REC. BOILER AND P.B. FEEDWATER HEATERS)	269.0					
RECOVERY BOILER	14866.	.693	10.33				FEEDWATER TO POWER BOILER (FROM P.B. FEEDWATER HEATERS)	451.0					
TOTAL NET ENERGY	29262.	.1219.	20.90				SUPERHEATED STEAM (FROM BOILER, TO TURBINE)	1423.0					
NET ENERGY SUBTRACTED FROM STEAM SYSTEM, IN:							HIGH PRESSURE PROCESS STEAM (FROM TURBINE)	1301.6					
SUPERHEATED STEAM							MED. PRESSURE PROCESS STEAM (FROM TURBINE)	1279.2					
BOOTSBLOWERS	1049.	.00	.75				LOW PRESSURE PROCESS STEAM (FROM TURBINE)	1219.6					
TURBINE GENERATORS	3200.	.133	2.20										
HIGH PRESSURE PROCESS													
PAPER MACHINE TURBINES	456.	.10	.32										
STEAM TO MEDIUM PRESSURE PROCESS	130.	.00	.10										
STEAM TO CONDENSATE	2016.	.00	1.00										
STEAM LOSSES	0.	.00	.00										
MEDIUM PRESSURE PROCESS													
STEAM TO LOW PRESSURE PROCESS	20.	.00	.02										
STEAM TO CONDENSATE	6136.	.300	6.26										
STEAM LOSSES	670.	.41	.70										
LOW PRESSURE PROCESS													
STEAM TO CONDENSATE	9985.	.015	7.12										
STEAM LOSSES	2715.	.113	1.00										
TOTAL NET ENERGY	29270.	.1220.	20.91										
(NOTES: TOTALS MAY NOT AGREE PRECISELY)													

Figure 9.—Sample program output 1,400 T.P.D. Conventional process; 1982 Price data (continued).

REVENUES, COSTS, PROFIT CONTRIBUTION				STOCK PREP. AND PAPER MACHINE ADDITIVES COSTS			
	\$/DAY	\$/DRY TON	\$/ANNUAL	ALUM (0 \$ 120.00/TON)	1620.	1.39	666100.
REVENUES				BULFURIC ACID (0 \$ 70.00/TON)	1603.	.77	364330.
PAPERBOARD PRODUCT (0 \$ 270.00/DRY TON)	66000.	270.00	146130000.	STARCH (0 \$ 240.00/TON)	0.	.95	0.
TURPENTINE (0 \$ .65/GALLON)	600.	.61	371440.	DEFOMER (0 \$ 640.00/TON)	1623.	.75	363307.
TALL OIL SOAP (0 \$ 60.00/TON)	7210.	5.16	2562445.	ROBIN (0 \$ 500.00/TON)	669.	.65	210195.
				SLIMICIDE (0 \$ 600.00/TON)	542.	.39	192330.
TOTAL REVENUES	810067.	295.76	146993900.	OTHER MISCELLANEOUS CHEMICALS COSTS			
				COOLING TOWER CHEMICALS	56.	.04	19000.
PULPWOOD COSTS				BOILER FEEDWATER CHEMICALS	154.	.11	94670.
SOFTWOOD ROUNDWOOD (0 \$ 55.00/CORD)	47921.	34.23	17011973.	WATER TREATMENT CHEMICALS	60.	.03	16351.
HARDWOOD ROUNDWOOD (0 \$ 36.00/CORD)	6270.	5.93	2945134.	EFFLUENT TREATMENT CHEMICALS	579.	.01	205490.
"CLEAN" SOFTWOOD CHIPS (0 \$ 20.00/TON)	20830.	14.08	7396750.				
"CLEAN" HARDWOOD CHIPS (0 \$ 21.00/TON)	1671.	1.19	593322.				
SOFTWOOD WHOLE-TREE CHIPS (0 \$ 16.00/TON)	33605.	24.09	11950075.				
HARDWOOD WHOLE-TREE CHIPS (0 \$ 16.00/TON)	2059.	1.47	736822.				
				OTHER VARIABLE COSTS			
LABOR COSTS				FINISHED ROLL COVERS	168.	.12	206640.
PROCESS LABOR (0 \$ 13.45/HR.)	25024.	10.05	9167520.	PAPER MACHINE RIBBONS	1600.	.76	377720.
NON-PROCESS LABOR (0 \$ 11.40/HR.)	4000.	3.20	1291900.	WEY FELTS	1560.	1.12	556680.
MAINTENANCE LABOR (0 \$ 12.27/HR.)	9227.	6.59	3275599.	DRYER FELTS	1160.	.02	407540.
FUEL AND ENERGY COSTS				TOTAL VARIABLE COSTS	210879.	156.34	77781932.
COAL (0 \$ 40.00/TON)	11954.	8.25	4102550.				
WOOD FUEL (0 \$ 12.00/TON)	16241.	10.17	1655471.				
NAT. GAS (0 \$ 4.00/MCF)	6730.	6.34	3192034.				
PURCHASED ELECTRIC (0 \$ .031/KWH)	13120.	0.06	4306656.				
				CONTRIBUTION MARGIN	193100.	139.42	6921976.
HAKE-UP AND BALTCAKE RECLAIN CHEMICAL COSTS							
BALTCAKE HAKE-UP (0 \$ 60.00/TON)	273.	.00	97022.				
LIME HAKE-UP (0 \$ 60.00/TON)	737.	.00	250948.				
CAUSTIC SODA FOR RECLAIN (0 \$ 60.00/TON-50K)	7370.	1.07	2619650.				
ELECTRIC POWER, FUELS, CHEMICALS							
ELECTRIC POWER BALANCE							
TOTAL ELECTRIC POWER CONSUMED	1094267.	KWH/DAY					
ELECTRIC POWER COGENERATED	703095.	KWH/DAY					
PURCHASED ELECTRIC POWER	391173.	KWH/DAY					
SURPLUS ELECTRIC POWER	0.	KWH/DAY					
FUEL REQUIREMENTS							
FOR POWER BOILER FURNACE							
COAL	159.1	DRY TONS/DAY					
PURCHASED WOOD FUEL	293.4	DRY TONS/DAY					
WOOD RESIDUES	330.6	DRY TONS/DAY					
FOR LIME KILN							
NAT. GAS	2104.5	MCF/DAY					
LINE BALANCE							
LIME CONSUMED IN BLEACHING & CAUTORIZING	290.50	TONS/DAY					
LIME PRODUCED IN LIME KILN	262.76	TONS/DAY					
PURCHASED MAKE-UP LIME	11.78	TONS/DAY					
BALTCAKE BALANCE							
NET BALTCAKE LOADED	20.091	TONS/DAY					
(EXCLUDING RECOVERY FROM POWER BOILER DESULFURIZING)							
BALTCAKE RECOVERED IN POWER BOILER DESULFURIZING	17.295	TONS/DAY					
GASES OUT:							
10.257 TONS/DAY SULFUR DIOXIDE IN PLUME GASES							
>TSP REMOVAL RATIO							
PURCHASED BALTCAKE REQUIRED	3,416	TONS/DAY					
CAUSTIC SODA (50 PCT. SODIUM HYDROXIDE)							
REQUIRED FOR DESULFURIZING	19.010	TONS CHEMICAL/DAY					

Figure 9.—Sample program output 1,400 T.P.D. Conventional process; 1982 Price data (continued).

## Appendix Program Data and Program Listing

Note in the data listing that each numerical item of data is described by the line directly above it. For example, the numerical value of 20.9 corresponds to the data parameter ACID. Each numerical value can be entered in the first 20 columns of the line following its description in the data listing. Note also at the top of the data listing the parameter "NX" which controls the amount and type of program output.

```

NX
 0.76    RECY-COVERAGE RATE OTHER RECYC PAP. RATIO RAN MATERIAL WEIGHT RECOVERED IN PROD
 56.      0.76
 57.      ALUM-GUAN SLMICIDE ADDED IN 8TH PREP--LBS ADDED/DRY TON PRODUCT
 58.      0.76
 59.      STARCH ADD IN 8TH PREP--LBS DRY STARCH SOLIDS/DRY TON PAP OR PAPER
 60.      0.76
 61.      SALT-AVE SALES VALUE OF PAPER OR PAPER PROD--$/DRY TON, F.O.B. MILL
 62.      240.0
 63.      240.0
 64.      TRADE-TAILORED REEL WIDTH ON SHEET ROLL NUMBER
 65.      32.0
 66.      32.0
 67.      DATA FOR 015 SURGE/TIME
 68.      0.0
 69.      ACTIVE ALKALI CONCENT IN WHITE LIG--LBS ACT ALKALI/CU FT WHITE LIQUOR
 70.      0.2
 71.      0.2
 72.      0.2
 73.      0.2
 74.      0.2
 75.      0.2
 76.      0.2
 77.      0.2
 78.      0.2
 79.      0.2
 80.      0.2
 81.      0.2
 82.      0.2
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213.	1959.0	
214.	1959.0	HPI(3)-WASHING AND REFINING AREA
215.	17187.0	HPI(4)-STOCK PREPARATION AREA
216.	19565.0	HPI(5)-PAPER MACHINE AREA
217.	19565.0	HPI(7)-FINISHING AND SHIPPING AREA
218.	16997.0	HPI(8)-WATER SUPPLY AND TREATMENT AREA
219.	120.0	HPI(9)-WASTE DISPOSAL AREA
220.	120.0	HPI(10)-ADDITIVES AREA
221.	32.0	HPI(11)-COAL HANDLING AREA
222.	32.0	HPI(12)-RECOVERY BOILER AREA
223.	1276.0	
224.	4786.0	
225.	1860.0	HPI(13)-EVAPORATORS AREA
226.	1870.0	HPI(14)-POWER BOILER AREA
227.	3055.0	HPI(15)-AIR SUPPLY SYSTEM
228.	5000.0	HPI(16)-DOOR COLLECTION SYSTEM
229.	4612.0	AFC-AVERAGE POWER LOAD FAC/MILL EQUIP
230.	0.50	AFC-AVG EFFICIENCY OF ELECTRICITY USE
231.	0.50	AHL-AVG NON-MOTOR LOAD, LIGHTING AND
232.	0.50	AHL-AVG MOTOR LOAD, LIGHTING AND
233.	4600.0	
234.	4600.0	
235.	1870.0	HPI(17)-LINE KILN AND RECLUTIZING ARRANGEMENT
236.	3055.0	
237.	0.015	CNL-ENTHALPY OF COMBINED CONDENSATE
238.	0.015	CNL-ENTHALPY OF MAKE-UP WATER TO DE-
239.	0.015	CNL-ENTHALPY OF HIGH PRESSURE PROCE-
240.	0.015	CNL-ENTHALPY OF LOW PRESSURE PROCESS
241.	0.015	CNL-ENTHALPY OF MEDIUM PRESSURE PRO-
242.	0.015	CNL-ENTHALPY OF SUPERHEATED STEAM FOR
243.	0.015	HPI-ENTHALPY TOT HIGH PRES PROC STEAM IN
244.	0.015	HPI-ENTHALPY TOT HIGH PRES PROC STEAM OUT
245.	0.015	HPI-HIGH PRES PURCHASED ELECTRIC ENERGY COST
246.	0.015	HPI-HIGH PRES SURPLUS ELECTRIC ENERGY COST
247.	0.015	TGF-TURBINE GENERATOR EFFICIENCY FOR
248.	0.017	HPI-HIGH PRES STEAM DEMAND IN RECUL
249.	0.017	HPI-HIGH PRES STEAM DEMAND IN STEAM TURBINE
250.	0.017	HPI-HIGH PRES STEAM DEMAND IN TURBINE
251.	0.017	HPI-HIGH PRES STEAM DEMAND IN TURBINE
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297.	0.018	HPI-HIGH PRES STEAM DEMAND IN TURBINE

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MOCG-AVG ULT ANALYSIS CANTON COMB HOOD + BARK FUEL IN PAPER--OCC RATIO 4000 AT
0.50
MOCG-MIXED CONTENT HOOD AND BARK FUEL--RATIO DRY HOOD WEIGHT
0.06
MOCG-MIXED CONTENT HOOD AND BARK FUEL--RATIO DRY HOOD WEIGHT
0.01
MOCG-MIXED CONTENT HOOD AND BARK FUEL--RATIO DRY HOOD WEIGHT
0.01

HPCG-PURCHASE PRICE HODD FUEL, $/TON AS PURCHASED, FOR MILL (0.2N BALED VALUE)
12.0
HPCG-MAIN LABOR RATE, INC PRIME BENEFITS AND RELATED EXPENSES--$/HR.
98.0
AMHG-AVG MAINT LABOR REQ., NO. HOURLY WAGE WORKERS/DAY (0.04HR SHIFT/8)
12.27
CCTC-COST COOLING TOWER CHEMICALS--$/TON PAPER(BO) PRODUCED
0.04
CPMC-COST FEEDWATER CHEMICAL TREAT BOILER FEEDWATER, $/TON PAPER(BO) OF PRODUCT
0.01
DPFC-COST DRYER FELTS PAPER MACHINE DRAVERS,$/DAY TON OF PRODUCT
0.82
DPVY-DAY/YEAR MILL IS IN OPERATION
355.0
EXL-AVG NON-PROCESS LABOR REQ--#HO, HOURLY WAGE WORKERS NEEDED/DAY (0.04HRS EA.)
49.0
EXMG-AVG NON-PROCESS LABOR WAGE RATE INC PRIME BENEFIT AND RELATED EXP.--$/HR.
11.0
PLAS-AVG PROCESS LABOR WAGE RATE, INCL PRIME BENEFIT AND RELATED EXP.--$/HR
13.45
PSL-AVG PROC LAB REQ--#HO. HOURLY WAGE PROCESS PERS NEEDED/DAY (0.04HRS/HO/EA)
240.0
RACI-COST ROLL COVERS FINISHED ROLLS PAP OR PAPER PRODUCT--$/DAY TON OF PRODUCT
0.12
MCSC-COST WIRES FOR PAPER MACHINE--$/DAY TON OF PRODUCT
0.76
MFCS-COST MET FELTS FOR PAPER MACHINE--$/DAY TON OF PRODUCT
1.12

***** STPREP *****

C   THIS IS THE SUBROUTINE FOR THE STOCK PREPARATION, ADDITIVES,
C   PAPER MACHINE, FINISHING, AND SHIPPING AREAS.

C   SUBROUTINE STPREP

C   COMMON//ALL,C00X,CD0H,COGH,CPRC,CDBS,MARH,HHCH,HHCH,HHFR,
C   MSHB,HNK,PACD,PAHL,
C   PCAS,PCDR,POPM,PERO,PETC,PHMC,PHNC,PSHC,PHRY,PKHM,PLSD,PPAP,
C   PHCH,PLH,PLP,PLR,PLS,PLT,PLW,PROD,PGH,PGH,PGCR,PSLN,PSPC,PSRN,PTC,
C   SBKRC,ACOL,GRD,ACRT,RPVY
C   SYSE,TADL,TALM,TALS,TDA,TDR,TRED,TEC,TKFR,TMRE,TQPV,TRPD,
C   TRSH,TSHL,TSPC,TMPL,THL,THRC,HPRC,IRCH,MEV
C   DIMENSION S01(2)

C   THIS IS THE LIST OF INPUTS:

C   ACID - QUANTITY OF CONCENTRATED SULFURIC ACID ADDED TO SYSTEM IN
C   STOCK PREPARATION, IN POUNDS OF CONCENTRATED ACID PER DRY
C   TON OF PAPER OR PAPERBOARD PRODUCED.
C   ALUM - QUANTITY OF ALUM ADDED IN STOCK PREPARATION IN POUNDS OF
C   DRY ALUM SOLIDS (IN LIQUID SLURRY), POUNDS PER DRY TON OF PAPER
C   OR PAPERBOARD PRODUCED.
C   DEXT - PAPER OR PAPERBOARD RECYCLED AS DRY "BROKE" AND TRIM TO
C   STOCK PREPARATION AS A RATIO OF TOTAL PAPER OR
C   PAPERBOARD PRODUCTION.
C   DFORM - QUANTITY OF DEFOMER ADDITIVES IN STOCK PREPARATION AND
C   MACHINE AREAS IN POUNDS OF ADDITIVES PER DRY TON OF PAPER
C   OR PAPERBOARD PRODUCED.
C   DPMC - MOISTURE CONTENT OF SWEET ENTERING HEATED DRYER SECTION,
C   RATIO OF TOTAL WEIGHT OF SWEET.
C   PACD - PURCHASE PRICE OF SULFURIC ACID (1STON PGS MILL)
C   PAHL - PURCHASE PRICE OF ALUM (1STON PGS MILL)
C   PEOR - PRICE OF RECYCLED OLD CORUGATED, USED AS RAW MATERIAL
C   PSRN - PURCHASE PRICE OF RECYCLED OLD CORUGATED, USED AS RAW MATERIAL
C   POFM - PURCHASE PRICE OF DEFOMER (1STON DOLLARS PER MILL)

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\*9XFT7.11.\* TONS/DAY ACTIVE ALM&L/  
100. \*200. \*300 DOLLAR EQUIVALENT/  
157. \*201. \*(F.1. \* 3 OF 4000 WEIGHTS)/  
500 CONTINUE  
END

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      355.      * PURCHASED "CLEAN" CHIPS.  

      356.      * TOTAL WEIGHT PER CORD OF SOFTWOOD ROUNDWOOD PULPWOOD, NET  

      357.      * WEIGHT BASIS, POUNDS PER CORD INCLUDING BARK, AS PURCHASED  

      358.      * FINES REMOVED IN SCREENING SOFTWOOD ROUNDWOOD CHIPS (TO  

      359.      * WOOD FUEL) AS A RATIO OF TOTAL DRY WEIGHT OF SOFTWOOD  

      360.      * ROUNDWOOD CHIPS BEFORE SCREENING.  

      361.      *  

      362.      * SHMC - AVERAGE MOISTURE CONTENT IN SOFTWOOD ROUNDWOOD PULPWOOD,  

      363.      * RATIO OF TOTAL DRY WEIGHT OF SOFTWOOD AS PURCHASED.  

      364.      *  

      365.      * SHMC - MOISTURE CONTENT OF SOFTWOOD ROUNDWOOD, INCLUDING BARK.  

      366.      * SHPC - SOFTWOOD PURCHASED CHIPS (WHOLE-TREE AND "CLEAN") AS A  

      367.      * FRACTION OF TOTAL SOFTWOOD INTO DIGESTER, FRACTION OF  

      368.      * TOTAL DRY WEIGHT OF SOFTWOOD PURCHASED AND ROUNDWOOD  

      369.      * CHIPS.  

      370.      * SHTC - SOFTWOOD WHOLE-TREE CHIPS AS A RATIO OF TOTAL SOFTWOOD  

      371.      * PURCHASED CHIPS, RATIO OF TOTAL DRY WEIGHT OF SOFTWOOD  

      372.      * PURCHASED CHIPS.  

      373.      * SHTF - BARK AND FINES REMOVED IN SCREENING SOFTWOOD WHOLE-TREE  

      374.      * CHIPS AS A DECIMAL RATIO OF TOTAL DRY WEIGHT OF  

      375.      * SOFTWOOD WHOLE-TREE CHIPS.  

      376.      * SHTM - MOISTURE CONTENT OF SOFTWOOD PURCHASED WHOLE-TREE CHIPS,  

      377.      * DECIMAL RATIO OF DRY WEIGHT, AVERAGE.  

      378.      *  

      379.      * READ STATEMENTS:  

      380.      *  

      381.      * READ (5,10)HPC,HCMM,HTCF,MHPC,MHCF,MHNC,MHPC,MHCF,MHIM,  

      382.      * MHPC,SPHC,PHPC,PSC,PSC,PSHC,PHNC,PSHC,PSHC,PSHC,PSHC,PSHC,PSHC,  

      383.      * SHCD,SHMP,SHMC,SHPC,SHPC,SHMC,SHTC,SHTF,SHIM,SHW,  

      384.      * SHTC,SHMP,SHMC,SHPC,SHMC,SHPC,SHTC,SHTF,SHIM,SHW.  

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      386.      * 10 FORMAT (/ /27(F20.0//))  

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C   CALCULATE DRY TONS PURCHASED PER DAY OF SOFTWOOD WHOLE-TREE
C   CHIPS, INCLUDING FINES!
C     SPEC = (SPEC * SWTC) + SHCF
C   CALCULATE DRY TONS PURCHASED PER DAY OF "CLEAN" HARDWOOD CHIPS,
C   INCLUDING FINES!
C     MPCF = (MPCF * (1.0 - MHTC)) * MPCF
C   CALCULATE DRY TONS PURCHASED PER DAY OF HARDWOOD WHOLE-TREE
C   CHIPS, INCLUDING FINES!
C     MPCF = (MPCF * MPCF)
C   CALCULATE TONS OF "CLEAN" SOFTWOOD CHIPS PURCHASED PER DAY, TONS
C   AS RECEIVED (NET WEIGHT BASIS):
C     SPEC/(1.0 - SWTM)
C   CALCULATE TONS OF SOFTWOOD WHOLE-TREE CHIPS PURCHASED PER DAY,
C   TONS AS RECEIVED (NET WEIGHT BASIS):
C     SPEC/(1.0 - SWTM)
C   CALCULATE TONS OF "CLEAN" HARDWOOD CHIPS PURCHASED PER DAY, TONS
C   AS RECEIVED (NET WEIGHT BASIS):
C     MPCF * MPCF/(1.0 - MHTC)
C   CALCULATE TONS OF HARDWOOD WHOLE-TREE CHIPS PURCHASED PER DAY,
C   TONS AS RECEIVED (NET WEIGHT BASIS):
C     MPCF * MPCF/(1.0 - MHTC)

C THESE ARE THE OUTPUT STATEMENTS:

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224.
225.      *9,F7.1,  CORDS/DAY//'
226.      *2X,F7.1,  '(MOISTURE CONTENT)'F6.1,'%'//'
227.      *20X,F7.1,  ' DRY TONS/DAY TO DIGESTER',//'
228.      *20X,F7.1,  ' DRY TONS/DAY BARK',//'
229.      *20X,F7.1,  ' DRY TONS/DAY FINES'//'
230.      IF((CDW.GT.0.01) WRITE ((0,120) (W0(1)), (I$10,15))
231.      120 FORMAT ('(   ,8.0,  AVG. QUANTITY OF HARDWOOD ROUNDWOOD'//
232.      *10X,'ULPHWOOD REQUIRED PER DAY)',//'
233.      *9,F7.1,  ' DRY TONS/DAY OR',//'
234.      *2X,F7.1,  '(MOISTURE CONTENT)'F6.1,'%'//'
235.      *20X,F7.1,  ' DRY TONS/DAY TO DIGESTER',//'
236.      *20X,F7.1,  ' DRY TONS/DAY BARK',//'
237.      *20X,F7.1,  ' DRY TONS/DAY FINES'//'
238.      IF ((SCCH.GT.0.01) WRITE ((6,130) (W0(1)), (I$16,20))
239.      130 FORMAT ('(X,  AVG. QUANTITY OF "CLEAN" SOFTWOOD'//
240.      *10X,'CMIPS REQUIRED PER DAY)',//'
241.      *9,F7.1,  ' DRY TONS/DAY',//'
242.      *9,F7.1,  ' TONS/DAY AS RECEIVED',//'
243.      *2X,F7.1,  '(MOISTURE CONTENT)'F6.1,'%'//'
244.      *20X,F7.1,  ' DRY TONS/DAY TO DIGESTER',//'
245.      *20X,F7.1,  ' DRY TONS/DAY FINES'//'
246.      IF ((MCW.GT.0.01) WRITE ((6,140) (W0(1)), (I$21,25))
247.      140 FORMAT ('(   ,8.0,  AVG. QUANTITY OF "CLEAN" HARDWOOD'//
248.      *10X,'CMIPS REQUIRED PER DAY)',//'
249.      *9,F7.1,  ' DRY TONS/DAY',//'
250.      *9,F7.1,  ' TONS/DAY AS RECEIVED',//'
251.      *2X,F7.1,  '(MOISTURE CONTENT)'F6.1,'%'//'
252.      *20X,F7.1,  ' DRY TONS/DAY TO DIGESTER',//'
253.      *20X,F7.1,  ' DRY TONS/DAY FINES'//'
254.      IF ((SCW.GT.0.01) WRITE ((6,150) (W0(1)), (I$26,10))
255.      150 FORMAT ('(   ,8.0,  AVG. QUANTITY OF SOFTWOOD WHOLE-TREE CH'
256.      *10X,'REQUIRED PER DAY)',//'
257.      *9,F7.1,  ' DRY TONS/DAY OR',//'
258.      *9,F7.1,  ' TONS/DAY AS RECEIVED',//'
259.      *2X,F7.1,  '(MOISTURE CONTENT)'F6.1,'%'//'
260.      *20X,F7.1,  ' DRY TONS/DAY TO DIGESTER',//'
261.      *20X,F7.1,  ' DRY TONS/DAY FINES'//'
262.      IF ((HCW.GT.0.01) WRITE ((6,160) (W0(1)), (I$51,35))
263.      160 FORMAT ('(   ,8.0,  AVG. QUANTITY OF HARDWOOD WHOLE-TREE CH'
264.      *10X,'REQUIRED PER DAY)',//'
265.      *9,F7.1,  ' DRY TONS/DAY OR',//'
266.      *9,F7.1,  ' TONS/DAY AS RECEIVED',//'
267.      *2X,F7.1,  '(MOISTURE CONTENT)'F6.1,'%'//'
268.      *20X,F7.1,  ' DRY TONS/DAY TO DIGESTER',//'
269.      500 CONTINUE
270.
271.
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$\Sigma$  CALCULATE TOTAL SOFTWOOD AND TOTAL HARDWOOD FINES

**SEE THIS IS THE SUBROUTINE FOR THE RECORDS BY LINE, NAME ALLN.**

THE LIST OF INPUTS:

ACTIVITY OF WHITE LIQUOR, RATIO OF ACTIVE ALKALI TO TOTAL  
ALKALI, IN SODIUM OXIDE WEIGHT EQUIVALENTS.

LIME AVAILABILITY, AVERAGE WEIGHT RATIO OF TOTAL LIME  
TO SLAKER WHICH IS ACTIVE CALCIUM OXIDE, REMAINDER  
ASSUMED TO BE MERT MATERIAL IN CAUSTICIZING REACTION.

CAUSTICIZING EFFICIENCY OF CAUSTICIZING REACTION,  
MEASURED AS THE WEIGHT RATIO OF SODIUM HYDROXIDE TO  
ACIDIFIED SODIUM CHLORIDE, IN WHICH THE  
ACIDIFIED SODIUM CHLORIDE IS THE SUM OF  
SODIUM CHLORIDE AND SODIUM CARBONATE.

EXPRESSED IN SODIUM OXIDE WEIGHT EQUIVALENTS, AND IN  
 WHICH THE SODIUM HYDROXIDE CONTENT OF GREEN LIQUOR HAS  
 BEEN SUBTRACTED FROM THE WHITE LIQUOR CONTENT (STANDARD  
 TAPPi DEFINITION).

CHPO = CONSISTENCY OF THE FILTED LIME MU ENTERING THE LIME  
 KILN, DRY WEIGHT OF LIME MU SOLIDS RATIO OF TOTAL  
 DRY WEIGHT OF FILTERED LIME MU.

EFMF = AVERAGE COMBUSTION HEATING EFFICIENCY OF KILN FUEL.  
 RATIO OF MIGER HEATING VALUE OF FUEL WHICH IS NOT  
 LOST IN COMBUSTION GASES AND EXCESS AIR EXITING  
 THE KILN.

PLMR = LIME MU RECYCLING RATIO, WEIGHT RATIO OF TOTAL LIME  
 MU ENTERING LIME KILN WHICH IS RECYCLED TO THE  
 MU MU, REPRESENTING UNCALCINED MATERIAL WHICH  
 IS CAPTURED IN THE LIME KILN FLUE GAS SCRUBBER AND  
 EMISSIONS SEPARATOR.

MHMF = AVERAGE MIGER HEATING VALUE OF KILN FUEL IN MILLIONS OF  
 B.T.U. PER UNIT OF FUEL (E.G., PER MCF OF GAS, FOR  
 EXAMPLE).

MHRS = EFFECTIVE MIGER RECOVERY RATIO OF RECOVERY BOILER, DECIMAL  
 RATIO OF GROSS MEAT ENERGY VALUE OF BLACK LIQUOR  
 SOLIDS THAT ARE RECOVERED AS STEAM MEAT ENERGY (ADJUSTED  
 FOR TOTAL MEAT INPUTS TO FURNACE AND MEAT OF REACTION  
 CORRECTION, AS WELL AS ON COMBUSTION MEAT LOSSES. NOT  
 BE CONFUSED WITH "COMBUSTION MEAT RECOVERY EFFICIENCY"  
 OF RECOVERY BOILER).

MWL = GROSS MEAT ENERGY VALUE (HEATING VALUE) OF BLACK LIQUOR  
 SOLIDS, E.O. P.D. POUND.

PLMU = PURCHASED LIME MAKE-UP, AVERAGE WEIGHT RATIO OF TOTAL  
 LIME TO SLAKER WHICH IS PURCHASED OR "MAKE-UP" LIME.

PPMP = AVERAGE PURCHASE PRICE OF KILN FUEL IN DOLLARS PER UNIT  
 FUEL.

PPLH = PURCHASE PRICE OF PURCHASED LIME IN DOLLARS PER TON.

PPO-B. MILL.

SVSC = SALES VALUE OF SURPLUS SALTCAKE GENERATED IN CHEMICAL  
 RECOVERY AND DESULFURIZATION AREA, DRY TON OF SURPLUS  
 SALTCAKE, P.O. MILL.

SSML = SODIUM SULFATE RATIO OF TOTAL ALKALI IN WHITE LIQUOR,  
 (ONE-HALF) WEIGHT RATIO IN SODIUM OXIDE EQUIVALENTS.

TBLS = TOTAL BLACK LIQUOR SOLIDS TO SALT CAKE MIX TANK AND  
 RECOVERY BOILER AREA, DRY TONS PER DAY OF BLACK LIQUOR  
 SOLIDS.

TDAA = TONS PER DAY OF ACTIVE ALKALI IN SODIUM OXIDE WEIGHT  
 EQUIVALENT, IN WHITE LIQUOR TO DIGESTER, FROM WHITE  
 LIQUOR CLARIFIER.

TREC = TEMPERATURE OF KILN EXIT GASES IN DEGREES FAHRENHEIT, AVE  
 TRPD = AVERAGE TEMPERATURE OF MILN PRODUCT SOLIDS EXITING KILN,  
 IN DEGREES FAHRENHEIT.

READ STATEMENTS:

READ (5,10) ACTV,AVLH,CASU,CHMO,EFMF,FLMR,MHMF,MHRS,MVBL,PLMU,PP  
 \* FORMAT (1/10/(20.0),/);

\* CALCULATIONS:

CALCULATE MEAT ENERGY TO STEAM IN RECOVERY BOILER, MILLIONS OF  
 B.T.U. PER DAY.

MHBS = TBLS \* (0.002) \* MVBL \* MHRS

CALCULATE THE WEIGHT EQUIVALENT OF SODIUM CARBONATE IN WHITE  
 LIQUOR, IN SODIUM OXIDE WEIGHT EQUIVALENT, TONS PER DAY.

SOCA = TALK \* (TDAK + SOSL)

CALCULATE THE WEIGHT EQUIVALENT OF SODIUM HYDROXIDE PRODUCED IN  
 COMBUSTION REACTION, IN SODIUM OXIDE WEIGHT EQUIVALENT  
 CORRECTED FOR SODIUM HYDROXIDE PRESENT IN GREEN LIQUOR, BASED ON  
 TAPPi DEFINITION OF CAUSTICIZING EFFICIENCY, TONS PER DAY.

SOOH = (CASU \* SOCA) / (1.0 - CASA)

CALCULATE THEORETICAL WEIGHT OF CALCIUM OXIDE FOR CAUSTICIZING  
 REACTION, TONS PER DAY.

CACA = SOOH \* (.50/.002,0)







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400.      * 2X, 'MISC. LOW PRESSURE STEAM', $N,2P0,3,2P10,1,F9,3/
401.      * 2X, '(STEAM FROM MED. PRESSURE /AH, 'PROCESS)', //'
402.      * 2X, '(F7,3,-)') ) ) ) ) ) ) ) ) ) ) ) ) ) ) ) ) ) ) ) ) ) )
403.      * WRITE (6,280) 0(36,11) 0(36,21) 0(16,31) 0(16,5)
404.      * 280 FORMAT ('0.5X',TOTAL STEAM DEMANDS,'.4X2P0,3,2P10,1,F9,3/')
405.      *      WRITE (6,290) 0(37,1),0(37,2),MFOR
406.      *      WRITE (6,291) 0(1,1),0(1,2),0(1,3),0(1,5),0(1,2,2),
407.      *      WRITE (6,292) 0(1,1),0(1,2),0(1,3),0(1,5),0(1,3,3),
408.      *      WRITE (6,293) 0(1,2,2),0(1,3),0(1,5),0(1,3,4),
409.      *      WRITE (6,294) 0(1,5,3)
410.      * 210 FORMAT ('0.1,PF,3/X, 'STEAM OUTPUT',//IX, 'POWER BOILER',-18X,2P0,3,F10,1,
411.      *      PF0,1,PF,3/X, 'RECOVERY BOILER',-15X,2P0,3,2P0,1,PF9,3/-,
412.      *      PF0,1,PF,3/X, 'TOTAL STEAM OUTPUT',-18X,2P0,3,2P0,1,PF9,3/-,
413.      *      WRITE (6,220) 0$H00,1,0(1,2),0(1,3),0(1,4,4),0(1,5),
414.      *      WRITE (6,230) 0(1,1),0(1,2),0(1,3),0(1,5)
415.      * 220 FORMAT ('0.1, 'STEAM DEMAND',//,
416.      *      '1X, 'SUPERHEATED STEAM (''F8,1,'', B.T.U./LB.''),//',
417.      *      '+2X, 'SODIUM BLOOMES', '0X,2P0,3,2P0,1,PF9,3/-,
418.      *      '+2X, 'TURBINE GENERATORS (NET ENERGY)',3X,1,PF10,1,-,
419.      *      '+9,3/-)
420.      *      WRITE (6,230) MHP, 0(6,11),0(6,2),0(6,3),0(6,4),0(6,5),
421.      *      0(7,1),0(7,2),0(7,3),0(7,4),0(7,5),
422.      *      0(8,1),0(8,2),0(8,3),0(8,4),0(8,5),
423.      *      0(9,1),0(9,2),0(9,3),0(9,4),0(9,5),
424.      *      0(10,1),0(10,2),0(10,3),0(10,4),0(10,5),
425.      *      0(11,1),0(11,2),0(11,3),0(11,4),0(11,5),
426.      *      0(12,1),0(12,2),0(12,3),0(12,4),0(12,5),
427.      *      0(13,1),0(13,2),0(13,3),0(13,4),0(13,5),
428.      *      0(14,1),0(14,2),0(14,3),0(14,4),0(14,5),
429.      *      0(15,1),0(15,2),0(15,3),0(15,4),0(15,5),
430.      *      0(16,1),0(16,2),0(16,3),0(16,4),0(16,5),
431.      *      0(17,1),0(17,2),0(17,3),0(17,4),0(17,5),
432.      *      0(18,1),0(18,2),0(18,3),0(18,4),0(18,5),
433.      *      0(19,1),0(19,2),0(19,3),0(19,4),0(19,5),
434.      *      0(20,1),0(20,2),0(20,3),0(20,4),0(20,5),
435.      *      0(21,1),0(21,2),0(21,3),0(21,4),0(21,5),
436.      *      0(22,1),0(22,2),0(22,3),0(22,4),0(22,5),
437.      *      0(23,1),0(23,2),0(23,3),0(23,4),0(23,5),
438.      *      0(24,1),0(24,2),0(24,3),0(24,4),0(24,5),
439.      *      0(25,1),0(25,2),0(25,3),0(25,4),0(25,5),
440.      *      0(26,1),0(26,2),0(26,3),0(26,4),0(26,5),
441.      *      0(27,1),0(27,2),0(27,3),0(27,4),0(27,5),
442.      *      0(28,1),0(28,2),0(28,3),0(28,4),0(28,5),
443.      *      0(29,1),0(29,2),0(29,3),0(29,4),0(29,5),
444.      *      0(30,1),0(30,2),0(30,3),0(30,4),0(30,5),
445.      *      0(31,1),0(31,2),0(31,3),0(31,4),0(31,5),
446.      *      0(32,1),0(32,2),0(32,3),0(32,4),0(32,5),
447.      *      0(33,1),0(33,2),0(33,3),0(33,4),0(33,5),
448.      *      0(34,1),0(34,2),0(34,3),0(34,4),0(34,5),
449.      *      0(35,1),0(35,2),0(35,3),0(35,4),0(35,5),
450.      * 230 FORMAT ('0.1, 'LOW PRESSURE STEAM', '5X,2P10,1,PF9,3/
451.      *      '+2X, 'PAPER MACHINE DRIVERS', '9X2P0,3,2P10,1,PF9,3/-,
452.      *      '+2X, 'PAPER MACH. & VAC. TURBINES', '2X,2P0,3,2P10,1,PF9,3/-,
453.      *      '+2X, 'REC. BOILER AIR HEATERS', '6X,2P0,3,2P10,1,PF9,3/-,
454.      *      '+2X, 'POWER BOILER FEEDWATER HTR', '2X,2P0,3,2P10,1,PF9,3/-,
455.      *      '+2X, 'POWER BOILER AREA HTR', '2X,2P0,3,2P10,1,PF9,3/-,
456.      *      '+2X, 'MISC. HIGH PRESSURE STEAM', '4X,2P0,3,2P10,1,PF9,3/-,
457.      *      WRITE (6,240) MHP, 0(12,1),0(12,2),0(12,3),0(12,4),0(12,5),
458.      *      0(13,1),0(13,2),0(13,3),0(13,4),0(13,5),
459.      *      0(14,1),0(14,2),0(14,3),0(14,4),0(14,5),
460.      *      0(15,1),0(15,2),0(15,3),0(15,4),0(15,5),
461.      *      0(16,1),0(16,2),0(16,3),0(16,4),0(16,5),
462.      *      0(17,1),0(17,2),0(17,3),0(17,4),0(17,5),
463.      *      0(18,1),0(18,2),0(18,3),0(18,4),0(18,5),
464.      *      0(19,1),0(19,2),0(19,3),0(19,4),0(19,5),
465.      *      0(20,1),0(20,2),0(20,3),0(20,4),0(20,5),
466.      *      0(21,1),0(21,2),0(21,3),0(21,4),0(21,5),
467.      *      0(22,1),0(22,2),0(22,3),0(22,4),0(22,5),
468.      *      0(23,1),0(23,2),0(23,3),0(23,4),0(23,5),
469.      *      0(24,1),0(24,2),0(24,3),0(24,4),0(24,5),
470.      *      0(25,1),0(25,2),0(25,3),0(25,4),0(25,5),
471.      *      0(26,1),0(26,2),0(26,3),0(26,4),0(26,5),
472.      *      0(27,1),0(27,2),0(27,3),0(27,4),0(27,5),
473.      *      0(28,1),0(28,2),0(28,3),0(28,4),0(28,5),
474.      *      0(29,1),0(29,2),0(29,3),0(29,4),0(29,5),
475.      *      0(30,1),0(30,2),0(30,3),0(30,4),0(30,5),
476.      *      0(31,1),0(31,2),0(31,3),0(31,4),0(31,5),
477.      *      0(32,1),0(32,2),0(32,3),0(32,4),0(32,5),
478.      *      0(33,1),0(33,2),0(33,3),0(33,4),0(33,5),
479.      *      0(34,1),0(34,2),0(34,3),0(34,4),0(34,5),
480.      *      0(35,1),0(35,2),0(35,3),0(35,4),0(35,5),
481.      * 240 FORMAT ('0.1, 'LOW PRESSURE STEAM', '5X,2P10,1,PF9,3/
482.      *      '+2X, 'GREEN LIQUID HEATER', '10X2P0,3,2P10,1,PF9,3/-,
483.      *      '+2X, 'AIR HEATERS, REC.BLR', '8X,2P0,3,2P10,1,PF9,3/-,
484.      *      '+2X, 'EVAPORATORS (BLACK LIQUOR)', '1X,2P0,3,2P10,1,PF9,3/-,
485.      *      '+2X, 'CONCENTRATORS (BLACK LIQUOR)', '1X,2P0,3,2P10,1,PF9,3/-,
486.      *      '+2X, 'DIEGESTER VESSEL', '5X,2P10,1,PF9,3/-,
487.      *      WRITE (6,270) 0(31,1),0(31,2),0(31,3),0(31,4),0(31,5),
488.      *      0(32,1),0(32,2),0(32,3),0(32,4),0(32,5),
489.      *      0(33,1),0(33,2),0(33,3),0(33,4),0(33,5),
490.      *      0(34,1),0(34,2),0(34,3),0(34,4),0(34,5),
491.      *      0(35,1),0(35,2),0(35,3),0(35,4),0(35,5),
492.      * 250 FORMAT ('0.1, 'LOW PRESSURE STEAM', '5X,2P10,1,PF9,3/
493.      *      '+2X, 'POWER BOILER FEEDWATER HTR', '4X,2P0,3,2P10,1,PF9,3/-,
494.      *      '+2X, 'POWER BOILER AREA HTR', '4X,2P0,3,2P10,1,PF9,3/-,
495.      *      '+2X, 'MISC. MED. PRESSURE STEAM', '4X,2P0,3,2P10,1,PF9,3/-,
496.      *      '+2X, 'STEAM FROM HIGH PRESSURE /4X, 'PROCESS', '5X,2P10,1,PF9,3/-,
497.      *      '+2X, 'TURBINE GENERATORS (NET ENERGY)',3X,1,PF10,1,-,
498.      *      '+9,3/-)
499.      *      WRITE (6,260) MHP, 0(25,1),0(25,2),0(25,3),0(25,4),0(25,5),
500.      *      0(26,1),0(26,2),0(26,3),0(26,4),0(26,5),
501.      *      0(27,1),0(27,2),0(27,3),0(27,4),0(27,5),
502.      *      0(28,1),0(28,2),0(28,3),0(28,4),0(28,5),
503.      *      0(29,1),0(29,2),0(29,3),0(29,4),0(29,5),
504.      *      0(30,1),0(30,2),0(30,3),0(30,4),0(30,5),
505.      *      0(31,1),0(31,2),0(31,3),0(31,4),0(31,5),
506.      *      0(32,1),0(32,2),0(32,3),0(32,4),0(32,5),
507.      *      0(33,1),0(33,2),0(33,3),0(33,4),0(33,5),
508.      *      0(34,1),0(34,2),0(34,3),0(34,4),0(34,5),
509.      *      0(35,1),0(35,2),0(35,3),0(35,4),0(35,5),
510.      *      0(36,1),0(36,2),0(36,3),0(36,4),0(36,5),
511.      *      0(37,1),0(37,2),0(37,3),0(37,4),0(37,5),
512.      *      0(38,1),0(38,2),0(38,3),0(38,4),0(38,5),
513.      *      0(39,1),0(39,2),0(39,3),0(39,4),0(39,5),
514.      *      0(40,1),0(40,2),0(40,3),0(40,4),0(40,5),
515.      *      0(41,1),0(41,2),0(41,3),0(41,4),0(41,5),
516.      *      0(42,1),0(42,2),0(42,3),0(42,4),0(42,5),
517.      *      0(43,1),0(43,2),0(43,3),0(43,4),0(43,5),
518.      *      0(44,1),0(44,2),0(44,3),0(44,4),0(44,5),
519.      *      0(45,1),0(45,2),0(45,3),0(45,4),0(45,5),
520.      *      0(46,1),0(46,2),0(46,3),0(46,4),0(46,5),
521.      *      0(47,1),0(47,2),0(47,3),0(47,4),0(47,5),
522.      *      0(48,1),0(48,2),0(48,3),0(48,4),0(48,5),
523.      *      0(49,1),0(49,2),0(49,3),0(49,4),0(49,5),
524.      *      0(50,1),0(50,2),0(50,3),0(50,4),0(50,5),
525.      *      0(51,1),0(51,2),0(51,3),0(51,4),0(51,5),
526.      *      0(52,1),0(52,2),0(52,3),0(52,4),0(52,5),
527.      *      0(53,1),0(53,2),0(53,3),0(53,4),0(53,5),
528.      *      0(54,1),0(54,2),0(54,3),0(54,4),0(54,5),
529.      *      0(55,1),0(55,2),0(55,3),0(55,4),0(55,5),
530.      *      0(56,1),0(56,2),0(56,3),0(56,4),0(56,5),
531.      *      0(57,1),0(57,2),0(57,3),0(57,4),0(57,5),
532.      *      0(58,1),0(58,2),0(58,3),0(58,4),0(58,5),
533.      *      0(59,1),0(59,2),0(59,3),0(59,4),0(59,5),
534.      *      0(60,1),0(60,2),0(60,3),0(60,4),0(60,5),
535.      *      0(61,1),0(61,2),0(61,3),0(61,4),0(61,5),
536.      *      0(62,1),0(62,2),0(62,3),0(62,4),0(62,5),
537.      *      0(63,1),0(63,2),0(63,3),0(63,4),0(63,5),
538.      *      0(64,1),0(64,2),0(64,3),0(64,4),0(64,5),
539.      *      0(65,1),0(65,2),0(65,3),0(65,4),0(65,5),
540.      *      0(66,1),0(66,2),0(66,3),0(66,4),0(66,5),
541.      *      0(67,1),0(67,2),0(67,3),0(67,4),0(67,5),
542.      *      0(68,1),0(68,2),0(68,3),0(68,4),0(68,5),
543.      *      0(69,1),0(69,2),0(69,3),0(69,4),0(69,5),
544.      *      0(70,1),0(70,2),0(70,3),0(70,4),0(70,5),
545.      *      0(71,1),0(71,2),0(71,3),0(71,4),0(71,5),
546.      *      0(72,1),0(72,2),0(72,3),0(72,4),0(72,5),
547.      *      0(73,1),0(73,2),0(73,3),0(73,4),0(73,5),
548.      *      0(74,1),0(74,2),0(74,3),0(74,4),0(74,5),
549.      *      0(75,1),0(75,2),0(75,3),0(75,4),0(75,5),
550.      *      0(76,1),0(76,2),0(76,3),0(76,4),0(76,5),
551.      *      0(77,1),0(77,2),0(77,3),0(77,4),0(77,5),
552.      *      0(78,1),0(78,2),0(78,3),0(78,4),0(78,5),
553.      *      0(79,1),0(79,2),0(79,3),0(79,4),0(79,5),
554.      *      0(80,1),0(80,2),0(80,3),0(80,4),0(80,5),
555.      *      0(81,1),0(81,2),0(81,3),0(81,4),0(81,5),
556.      *      0(82,1),0(82,2),0(82,3),0(82,4),0(82,5),
557.      *      0(83,1),0(83,2),0(83,3),0(83,4),0(83,5),
558.      *      0(84,1),0(84,2),0(84,3),0(84,4),0(84,5),
559.      *      0(85,1),0(85,2),0(85,3),0(85,4),0(85,5),
560.      *      0(86,1),0(86,2),0(86,3),0(86,4),0(86,5),
561.      *      0(87,1),0(87,2),0(87,3),0(87,4),0(87,5),
562.      *      0(88,1),0(88,2),0(88,3),0(88,4),0(88,5),
563.      *      0(89,1),0(89,2),0(89,3),0(89,4),0(89,5),
564.      *      0(90,1),0(90,2),0(90,3),0(90,4),0(90,5),
565.      *      0(91,1),0(91,2),0(91,3),0(91,4),0(91,5),
566.      *      0(92,1),0(92,2),0(92,3),0(92,4),0(92,5),
567.      *      0(93,1),0(93,2),0(93,3),0(93,4),0(93,5),
568.      *      0(94,1),0(94,2),0(94,3),0(94,4),0(94,5),
569.      *      0(95,1),0(95,2),0(95,3),0(95,4),0(95,5),
570.      *      0(96,1),0(96,2),0(96,3),0(96,4),0(96,5),
571.      *      0(97,1),0(97,2),0(97,3),0(97,4),0(97,5),
572.      *      0(98,1),0(98,2),0(98,3),0(98,4),0(98,5),
573.      *      0(99,1),0(99,2),0(99,3),0(99,4),0(99,5),
574.      *      0(100,1),0(100,2),0(100,3),0(100,4),0(100,5),
575.      *      0(101,1),0(101,2),0(101,3),0(101,4),0(101,5),
576.      *      0(102,1),0(102,2),0(102,3),0(102,4),0(102,5),
577.      *      0(103,1),0(103,2),0(103,3),0(103,4),0(103,5),
578.      *      0(104,1),0(104,2),0(104,3),0(104,4),0(104,5),
579.      *      0(105,1),0(105,2),0(105,3),0(105,4),0(105,5),
580.      *      0(106,1),0(106,2),0(106,3),0(106,4),0(106,5),
581.      *      0(107,1),0(107,2),0(107,3),0(107,4),0(107,5),
582.      *      0(108,1),0(108,2),0(108,3),0(108,4),0(108,5),
583.      *      0(109,1),0(109,2),0(109,3),0(109,4),0(109,5),
584.      *      0(110,1),0(110,2),0(110,3),0(110,4),0(110,5),
585.      *      0(111,1),0(111,2),0(111,3),0(111,4),0(111,5),
586.      *      0(112,1),0(112,2),0(112,3),0(112,4),0(112,5),
587.      *      0(113,1),0(113,2),0(113,3),0(113,4),0(113,5),
588.      *      0(114,1),0(114,2),0(114,3),0(114,4),0(114,5),
589.      *      0(115,1),0(115,2),0(115,3),0(115,4),0(115,5),
590.      *      0(116,1),0(116,2),0(116,3),0(116,4),0(116,5),
591.      *      0(117,1),0(117,2),0(117,3),0(117,4),0(117,5),
592.      *      0(118,1),0(118,2),0(118,3),0(118,4),0(118,5),
593.      *      0(119,1),0(119,2),0(119,3),0(119,4),0(119,5),
594.      *      0(120,1),0(120,2),0(120,3),0(120,4),0(120,5),
595.      *      0(121,1),0(121,2),0(121,3),0(121,4),0(121,5),
596.      *      0(122,1),0(122,2),0(122,3),0(122,4),0(122,5),
597.      *      0(123,1),0(123,2),0(123,3),0(123,4),0(123,5),
598.      *      0(124,1),0(124,2),0(124,3),0(124,4),0(124,5),
599.      *      0(125,1),0(125,2),0(125,3),0(125,4),0(125,5),
600.      *      0(126,1),0(126,2),0(126,3),0(126,4),0(126,5),
601.      *      0(127,1),0(127,2),0(127,3),0(127,4),0(127,5),
602.      *      0(128,1),0(128,2),0(128,3),0(128,4),0(128,5),
603.      *      0(129,1),0(129,2),0(129,3),0(129,4),0(129,5),
604.      *      0(130,1),0(130,2),0(130,3),0(130,4),0(130,5),
605.      *      0(131,1),0(131,2),0(131,3),0(131,4),0(131,5),
606.      *      0(132,1),0(132,2),0(132,3),0(132,4),0(132,5),
607.      *      0(133,1),0(133,2),0(133,3),0(133,4),0(133,5),
608.      *      0(134,1),0(134,2),0(134,3),0(134,4),0(134,5),
609.      *      0(135,1),0(135,2),0(135,3),0(135,4),0(135,5),
610.      *      0(136,1),0(136,2),0(136,3),0(136,4),0(136,5),
611.      *      0(137,1),0(137,2),0(137,3),0(137,4),0(137,5),
612.      *      0(138,1),0(138,2),0(138,3),0(138,4),0(138,5),
613.      *      0(139,1),0(139,2),0(139,3),0(139,4),0(139,5),
614.      *      0(140,1),0(140,2),0(140,3),0(140,4),0(140,5),
615.      *      0(141,1),0(141,2),0(141,3),0(141,4),0(141,5),
616.      *      0(142,1),0(142,2),0(142,3),0(142,4),0(142,5),
617.      *      0(143,1),0(143,2),0(143,3),0(143,4),0(143,5),
618.      *      0(144,1),0(144,2),0(144,3),0(144,4),0(144,5),
619.      *      0(145,1),0(145,2),0(145,3),0(145,4),0(145,5),
620.      *      0(146,1),0(146,2),0(146,3),0(146,4),0(146,5),
621.      *      0(147,1),0(147,2),0(147,3),0(147,4),0(147,5),
622.      *      0(148,1),0(148,2),0(148,3),0(148,4),0(148,5),
623.      *      0(149,1),0(149,2),0(149,3),0(149,4),0(149,5),
624.      *      0(150,1),0(150,2),0(150,3),0(150,4),0(150,5),
625.      *      0(151,1),0(151,2),0(151,3),0(151,4),0(151,5),
626.      *      0(152,1),0(152,2),0(152,3),0(152,4),0(152,5),
627.      *      0(153,1),0(153,2),0(153,3),0(153,4),0(153,5),
628.      *      0(154,1),0(154,2),0(154,3),0(154,4),0(154,5),
629.      *      0(155,1),0(155,2),0(155,3),0(155,4),0(155,5),
630.      *      0(156,1),0(156,2),0(156,3),0(156,4),0(156,5),
631.      *      0(157,1),0(157,2),0(157,3),0(157,4),0(157,5),
632.      *      0(158,1),0(158,2),0(158,3),0(158,4),0(158,5),
633.      *      0(159,1),0(159,2),0(159,3),0(159,4),0(159,5),
634.      *      0(160,1),0(160,2),0(160,3),0(160,4),0(160,5),
635.      *      0(161,1),0(161,2),0(161,3),0(161,4),0(161,5),
636.      *      0(162,1),0(162,2),0(162,3),0(162,4),0(162,5),
637.      *      0(163,1),0(163,2),0(163,3),0(163,4),0(163,5),
638.      *      0(164,1),0(164,2),0(164,3),0(164,4),0(164,5),
639.      *      0(165,1),0(165,2),0(165,3),0(165,4),0(165,5),
640.      *      0(166,1),0(166,2),0(166,3),0(166,4),0(166,5),
641.      *      0(167,1),0(167,2),0(167,3),0(167,4),0(167,5),
642.      *      0(168,1),0(168,2),0(168,3),0(168,4),0(168,5),
643.      *      0(169,1),0(169,2),0(169,3),0(169,4),0(169,5),
644.      *      0(170,1),0(170,2),0(170,3),0(170,4),0(170,5),
645.      *      0(171,1),0(171,2),0(171,3),0(171,4),0(171,5),
646.      *      0(172,1),0(172,2),0(172,3),0(172,4),0(172,5),
647.      *      0(173,1),0(173,2),0(173,3),0(173,4),0(173,5),
648.      *      0(174,1),0(174,2),0(174,3),0(174,4),0(174,5),
649.      *      0(175,1),0(175,2),0(175,3),0(175,4),0(175,5),
650.      *      0(176,1),0(176,2),0(176,3),0(176,4),0(176,5),
651.      *      0(177,1),0(177,2),0(177,3),0(177,4),0(177,5),
652.      *      0(178,1),0(178,2),0(178,3),0(178,4),0(178,5),
653.      *      0(179,1),0(179,2),0(179,3),0(179,4),0(179,5),
654.      *      0(180,1),0(180,2),0(180,3),0(180,4),0(180,5),
655.      *      0(181,1),0(181,2),0
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C *** THIS IS THE LIST OF INPUTS:
C
C   *** EFLF = EFFLUENT FLOW TO WAS-      C
C   *** HILL, GALLONS PER DAY          C
C   *** ETCH = EFFLUENT TREATMENT C
C   *** AND PHOSPHORIC COPP-          C
C   *** POUNDS, ETC.) PER T-          C
C   *** PETC = AVERAGE PRICE OF EFF-    C
C   *** LUENT, GALLONS PER UNIT (GALLONS) C
C   *** PHCH = AVERAGE PRICE OF CHE-    C
C   *** MICAL (DOLLARS PER GALLON) C
C   *** PNTR = PRICE OF MILL WATER,    C
C   *** DOLLARS PER GALLON.           C
C   *** INPUIT REQUIREMENTS:          C
C   *** MATR = MILL WATER REQUIRE-    C
C   *** MENT, GALLONS PER DAY.         C
C   *** PAPERBOARD PRODUCT          C
C   *** WITCH = WATEP TREATMENT CHEM- C
C   *** GALLONS, ETC.) PER GALLON.    C
C
C   *** READ STATEMENTS:
C
C     READ (5,10) EFLF,ETCH,PETC,
C     10 FORMAT (/1F20.0//)
C
C   *** CALCULATIONS:
C
C     *** CALCULATE TOTAL MILL WATER
C     *** GALLONS PER DAY
C
C     TMHR = WATR * PPRD/1000000.
C
C     *** CALCULATE MILL WATER TREAT-
C     *** MENT (GALLONS, POUNDS)
C     *** TMTC = ETCH * TMHR * 1000.0
C
C     *** CALCULATE TOTAL EFFLUENT FL-
C     *** OUNDS OF GALLONS PER DAY
C     *** TEFL = EFLF * PPRD/1000000.
C
C     *** CALCULATE EFFLUENT TREAT-
C     *** MENT (GALLONS, POUNDS)
C     *** TETC = TEFL * ETCH * 1000.0
C
C     END
C
C
C     ***** SALES *****
C
C   *** THIS IS THE SALES REVENUES
C
C   *** SUBROUTINE:
C
C     SUBROUTINE SALES
C
C
C     COMMON/WALL/C0X,C0M1,C0M2/,C0M3,
C     * HBR,MXPACD,MXPB,
C     * PCAS,PCOR,PPH,PERO,PETC,
C     * PPFX,PPHR,PPAD,PPSE,PPBD,
C     * PICH,PWTR,PIOL,PIWD,RCT,
C     * SAK,KACLS,SNHD,SHPP,SDPR,S
C     * A8E,TACP,TALW,TBLD,TDA,
C     * TANM,TBL,TSTC,TMLV,TMLV,
C     DIMENSION R(4), V(34,4)
C
C   *** THIS IS THE LIST OF INPUTS:
C
C   *** AMLB = AVERAGE MAINTENANCE HI-
C   *** GAGE MAINTENANCE HI
C   *** EACH)
C
C   *** AMMG = AVERAGE MAINTENANCE
C   *** BENEFITS AND RELATED
C   *** COSTS
C
C   *** CCTC = COST OF COOLING TOWER
C   *** PROCESS WATER), DOLLARS PER
C   *** EACH
C
C   *** CFVC = COST OF FEEDER WATER
C   *** TOWER, DOLLARS PER
C   *** EACH
C
C   *** DFCS = COST OF OTHER FEES
C   *** DOLLARS PER DAY ON PRODUCT
C
C   *** DPWR = DAYS PER YEAR, EFFECTIVE
C   *** MILL IS IN OPERATION
C
C   *** EXLB = AVERAGE NON-PROCESS
C   *** GAGE NON-PROCESS HI
C   *** EACH).

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C 000 BENEFITS AND RELATED EXPENSES, DOLLARS PER HOUR.
C 000 PLNG - AVERAGE PROCESS LABOR HOURS, INCLUDING ALL FRINGE
C 000 BENEFITS AND RELATED EXPENSES, DOLLARS PER HOUR.
C 000 PBLB - AVERAGE PROCESS LABOR REQUIREMENTS, NUMBER OF HOURLY HAGE
C 000 PROCESS PERSONNEL NEEDED PER DAY (8-HOUR SHIFT'S EACH).
C 000 REST - COST OF ROLL COVERS FOR FINISHED ROLLS OF PAPER OR PAPER-
C 000 BOARD PRODUCT, DOLLARS PER DRY TON OF PRODUCT.
C 000 AGST - COST OF MINES FOR PAPER MACHINE, DOLLARS PER DRY TON OF
C 000 PRODUCT.
C 000 APCS - COST OF NET BELTS FOR PAPER MACHINE, DOLLARS PER DRY TON
C 000 OF PRODUCT.

C 000 READ STATEMENTS:
C
C 000 READ (5,1) AMG,AMG,CCTC,CPMC,DPVS,EXLG,EXMG,PLMG,PSLB,RCST,
C      UCST,APCS
C 000 FORMAT ((/12)(20.0/),F20.0)
C
C 000 CALCULATIONS:
C
C 000 CALCULATE MILL REVENUES, DOLLARS PER DAY, FOR PAPER (BOARD),
C 000 TURPENTINE, "SOAP", SURPLUS ELECTRICAL ENERGY, EXCESS RECLAIMED
C 000 SALTCAKE, BURNABLE BARKS:
C
C 000 R1(1,1) = SVAL * PPAR
C 000 R1(2,1) = TPSV * TPERD
C 000 R1(3,1) = SOPP * SOPR
C 000 R1(4,1) = SVSE * SREE
C 000 R1(5,1) = SYSC * SCKC
C
C 000 R16(1,1) = (NPIC * 0.5) * SURB
C
C 000 CALCULATE FUEL AND ENERGY COSTS, DOLLARS PER DAY, FOR COAL, WOOD
C 000 FUEL, NATURAL GAS, ELECTRICAL ENERGY:
C
C 000 VC1(1,1) = CPBC * QCOL
C 000 VC1(2,1) = NPBC * QNGD
C 000 VC13(1,1) = PPBC * TKPR
C
C 000 VCN(1,1) = PNBN * PERG
C
C 000 CALCULATE TUMWOOD AND RECYCLED FIBER RAW MATERIAL COSTS, DOLLARS
C 000 SOFTWOOD TUMWOOD, HARPOOD ROUNDWOOD, SOFTWOOD "CLEAN" CHIPS,
C 000 HARDWOOD "CLEAN" CHIPS, SOFTWOOD MIDDLE-TREE CHIPS, HARWOOD WHOLE
C 000 TREE CHIPS, RECYCLED OLD CORROUGATED, AND RECYCLED PAPER:
C
C 000 VC5(1,1) = PHBN * CDSH
C 000 VC6(1,1) = PSPC * SCCN
C 000 VC6(2,1) = PSPC * MCCN
C 000 VC30(1,1) = PBBC * SBCH
C 000 VC31(1,1) = PHNC * MNCH
C 000 VC32(1,1) = PCDP * APPT
C 000 VC33(1,1) = PPAP * APPT
C
C 000 CALCULATE COSTS OF ADDITIVES IN STOCK PREPARATION, DOLLARS PER
C 000 DAY, FOR ALUM, SULFURIC ACID, STARCH, DEFOAMER, ROSIN, SLIMICIDE:
C
C 000 VC19(1,1) = PAAD * TACD
C 000 VC11(1,1) = PBBC * TATC
C 000 VC12(1,1) = POTH * TDTH
C 000 VC13(1,1) = PBIN * TRSN
C 000 VC14(1,1) = PSPL * TSALW
C
C 000 CALCULATE COSTS OF MAKE-UP AND RECLAIM CHEMICALS FOR KRAFT
C 000 PULP, DOLLARS PER DAY, FOR SALTCAKE, LIME, CAUSTIC SODA FOR
C 000 EFFLUENT TREATMENT:
C
C 000 VC18(1,1) = CCBC * PSCR
C 000 VC16(1,1) = PPBL * PLRS
C 000 VC17(1,1) = PCBS * CSOS
C
C 000 CALCULATE COSTS OF OTHER MISCELLANEOUS CHEMICALS, DOLLARS PER
C 000 DAY, FOR COOLING TOWER, BOILER FEEDWATER, MILL WATER TREATMENT,
C 000 ERFLUENT TREATMENT:
C
C 000 VC22(1,1) = BCCT * PPRO
C 000 VC23(1,1) = HCST * PPRO
C 000 VC24(1,1) = HFCS * PPRO
C 000 VC25(1,1) = DCIS * PPRO
C 000 VC26(1,1) = PMTB * (1000/1000.0)
C
C 000 CALCULATE LABOR COSTS, DOLLARS PER DAY, FOR PROCESS LABOR, NON-
C 000 PROCESS LABOR, AND MAINTENANCE:

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VC(27,1) = SLB * PLNG * 0.0
VC(28,1) = EXLX * EXNG * 0.0
VC(29,1) = AMB * AMG * 0.0
*** CALCULATE REVENUES IN DOLLARS PER TON OF PRODUCT AND PER YEAR:
DO 2 I = 1,16
  R(I,2) = R(I,1) / PPROD
  R(I,3) = R(I,1) * DPYR
CONTINUE
2   CONTINUE
*** CALCULATE COSTS IN DOLLARS PER TON OF PRODUCT AND PER YEAR:
DO 3 I=1,3
  VC(I,2) = VC(I,1) / PPROD
  VC(I,3) = VC(I,1) * DPYR
CONTINUE
3   CONTINUE
*** ASSIGN PRICE-PER-UNIT-OF-VARIABLE INPUT DATA:
R(1,4) = SVAL
R(2,4) = TPSV
R(3,4) = SPP
R(4,4) = SVSE
R(5,4) = SVAC
R(6,4) = VPRC * 0.5
VC(1,4) = CPC
VC(2,4) = HRC
VC(3,4) = PPKF
VC(4,4) = PKH
VC(5,4) = PSRN
VC(6,4) = PRM
VC(7,4) = PSPC
VC(8,4) = PHPC
VC(9,4) = PALM
VC(10,4) = PACO
VC(11,4) = PSIC
VC(12,4) = POTH
VC(13,4) = PRIN
VC(14,4) = PSLN
VC(15,4) = PPBC
VC(16,4) = PLIN
VC(17,4) = PCAS
VC(18,4) = PACH
VC(19,4) = PETC
VC(20,4) = PPBP
VC(21,4) = PLUG
VC(22,4) = EANG
VC(23,4) = AMIG
VC(24,4) = PSUC
VC(25,4) = PHIC
VC(26,4) = PCOR
VC(27,4) = PPDR
FORMAT (I6,10), 'EVENUE$', COST3, PROFIT C
      N T I O U T I O N // /
      WRITE (6,10) (IPT,I4),R(I,1),R(I,2),R(I,2),R(I,3),IS1,3
20   FORMAT ('//IX', 'PAPERBOARD PRODUCT (e $,F6.2, ',/0$ TON)', 'Q$,F10.0,FQ,2,
     * SUPPLYING'          (e $,F6.2, '/GALLON)', '10$,F10.0,FQ,2,
     * F12,0/
     * F12,0)
     * F12,0)
IF (SRE,GT,0.1) WRITE (6,30) R(1,4),R(1,1),R(1,2),R(1,3)
30   FORMAT ('//IX', 'SUPPLY COGEN. ELECTRIC (e $,F6.3, ',/KWH)', 'Q$,F10.0
     * 1$X,F8.2,F12,0)
IF ((SSK,GT,0.1) MITE (0,50) R5,0),R5,1),(S,2),15,3)
40   FORMAT ('//IX', 'EXCESS RECLAIM SALTCANE (e $,F6.2, ',/TON)', 'Q$,F10.0
     * 1$X,F8.2,F12,0)
IF ((BURB,GT,0.1) MITE (0,50) R7,0),R6,12,0,R(1,2),R(1,3)
50   FORMAT ('//IX', 'SUPPLY WOOD FUEL (e $,F6.2 FUEL PRICE, $,F6.2, ',/TON)', 'Q
     * 1$X,F10.0,FQ,2,F12,0)
DO 55 IS1,3
  R7,1) = R(I,1) + R(I,2) + R(I,3) + R(I,4) + R(I,5) + R(I,6,1)
CONTINUE
55   CONTINUE
      WRITE (6,6) R(7,1),R(7,2),R(7,3)
      WRITE (6,5) ,TOTAL REVENUES ,30$F10.0,FQ,2,F12,0)
      WRITE (6,60) TOTALWOOD COSTS ,/ )
60   FORMAT ('//IX', 'TOTALWOOD COSTS ,/ )
IF ((CSM,GT,0.0001) WRITE (6,57) VC(S,1),VC(S,2),VC(S,3),VC(S,4))
IF ((CDM,GT,0.0001) WRITE (6,58) VC(C,1),VC(C,2),VC(C,3),VC(C,4))
IF ((ODM,GT,0.0001) WRITE (6,59) VC(O,1),VC(O,2),VC(O,3),VC(O,4))
      WRITE (6,62) 'SOFTWOOD ROUNDWOOD (e $,F6.2, ',/CORG),13$F10.0,
      WRITE (6,62) '12$F10.0'

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        SUBROUTINE MAIN
C   THIS IS THE MAIN SUBROUTINE FOR THE LINEBOARD PROGRAM.
C
COMMON ALL/ACAO1,COM1,COM2,COGN,CPRC,CSOS,MORK,HCHM,HFR,
      HRS,IN,PICO,ALM,
      PCAS,PCOR,PDPA,PEQ,PETC,PHPC,PSAC,PMHS,PKHM,PLRQ,PPAP,
      PPAF,SPLN,PPD,PSAC,PMHO,PPRN,PSAC,PMHS,PSRN,PSAC,PSTC,
      PUCH,PHR,PGOL,GRHD,PORT,RPPT,
      SAKN,XCLS,SHDN,SOP,SCCP,SCCH,SCMC,SCRE,SCRF,SCCK,SCUB,SCVAL,SCVC,
      SCVE,TACD,TAFL,TBLK,TAOA,TPH,TEED,TEIC,TKR,THAK,TPAV,TRPD,
      TSHN,TLK,TSCTC,TLNP,TLV,THRO,THTC,APRC,ARCN,WKEY

C   DIMENSION TITLE(80)
C   REBO IN TITLE SHEET OF OUTPUT
      READ(5,101) TITLE(1),T1L,80)
      10 FORMAT(20A4)
C   WRITE TITLE AT TOP OF OUTPUT
      WRITE(*,20) TITLE(1),T1L,80)
      20 FORMAT(1H128//,1H25//,20A//))
C   READ IN SPECIFICATION FOR VARIOUS OUTPUTS
      READ(5,30) MX
      30 FORMAT(1I2//)
C   CALL OTHER SUBROUTINES
      C   CALL STOPP
      C   CALL DIG
      C   CALL ADPREP
      C   CALL RECBLW
      C   CALL WATER
      C   CALL ELEC
      C   CALL STREAM
      C   CALL PUBLF
      C   CALL SALES
      C   STOP
END

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END

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